





Who we are

We are independent international consulting engineers leading the way in sustainable development and innovation.

We take responsibility for having a positive impact on the world and we constantly challenge ourselves and others to develop sustainable solutions to local and global issues. Enhancing Society Together!

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01. Goal and methodology

This report identifies the impact of specific energy transition developments on European ports, and what role port authorities can play



The goal of this report is to increase understanding and awareness on the impact of the energy transition on European ports, and the implications for the role of port authorities.



The study is based on recent **literature**, providing a qualitative assessment of developments in the energy transition to **make existing information more accessible** to a wider audience.



We focused on identifying **common denominators** rather than accentuating regional and country differences and specifics. The report does address how **different port characteristics** shape the impact.



02. Context - Policy frameworks

Policy frameworks are a driving force of the energy transition

- EU Green Deal Emission-free economy by 2050 based on a path of 50% reduction by 2030.
- Fit for 55 package Additional package to deliver European Green Deal, reduction of 55% by 2030.
 - The Alternative Fuel Infrastructure Regulation (AFIR)
 - Fuel EU Maritime (FEUM)
 - The European Emission Trading System (ETS)
 - Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM)
 - The EU's Energy Taxation directive
- Green investment policies
 - EU Taxonomy and the overall greening of finance, investments and financial support
 - Next Generation EU (NGEU) A recovery plan for Europe to emerge stronger from the pandemic
 - **EU Transport Strategy** Sustainable and Smart Mobility Strategy and Action plan
- REPowerEU Recent initiative to increase the overall resilience of the European energy system and make Europe independent from Russian fossil fuels well before 2030.

02. Context - Systematic shocks

Systematic shocks influence energy transition for better or worse...

- Energy transition is a long-term process towards a carbon neutral society. It will not be a straight linear line towards the end, but rather a path of acceleration and delay with uncertainty on when and how we actually reach our destination.
- Over the past decade we have seen a series of crisis and shocks
 (financial debt crisis, oil and gas crisis, trade war US-China, COVID-19 pandemic, Ukraine).
- These are shocks with a major impact on economic, societal, and political climate with direct and indirect consequences for the progress of energy transition.
- The war in Ukraine clearly illustrates the vulnerability of the European energy system and can both have a
 detrimental and stimulating impact on energy transition.
- Systematic shocks are here to stay: Geopolitical climate, economic power shift from West to East, hazardous climate change events will continue to affect progress of energy transition.



03. Factsheets – Selection

The report addresses seventeen topics in energy transition impacting ports

Ports	Wider port area	Economy & community		
Decarbonising operations in / near ports	B Industrial clusters, port-city links and offshore	Green supply chains and business models		
A1. Energy saving	B1. Waste to energy and chemicals	C1. Zero-/low carbon fuel supply chains		
A2. Decarbonisation of port equipment	B2. Offshore energy	C2. Zero-/low carbon electron supply		
A3. Onshore power supply	B3. Offshore industry	chains		
	B4. Industry decarbonisation	C3. Circular economy		
A4. Clean fuel bunkering	B5. Sustainable urban energy	C4. Decarbonisation of transport		
A5. On-site renewable power	B6. Energy conversion			
	B7. Energy storage hubs			
	B8. Carbon Capture Use/Storage			

03. Factsheets - Structure

The report offers 17 factsheets on selected developments in the energy transition and their implications for ports

 These factsheets are the core of the report and provide easy access to topics of interest.

Factsheet structure

- Topic introduction and drivers
- Role of the port and the port authority
- Impact on infrastructure
- Enablers and challenges
- Port profiles
- Sources used







04. Key findings – Infrastructure impact

Energy transition has many implications for port infrastructure, connectivity and supply chains

	MARITIME TRANSPORT	WATERWAY & IWT	QUAYS	TERMINALS	STORAGE	PORT AREA NETWORKS	HINTERLAND CONNECTIONS
			•	•			
A2. Decarbonisation port equipment			•	•		•	
A3. Onshore power supply	•	•	•			•	
A4. Clean fuel bunkering	•	•	•		•	•	
A5. On-site renewable power				•		•	
B1. Waste to energy and chemicals	•	•	•	•	•		•
B2. Offshore energy						•	
B3. Offshore industry	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
B4. Industry decarbonisation	•	•			•	•	•
						•	
			۰	۰		•	•
B7. Energy storage hubs		•	•	•	•	•	•
B8. CCUS				•	۰	•	•
	•	•	•	•	۰	•	•
C2. Zero-/low emission electron supply chains					•	•	•
	۰	•	•	•	۰	•	•
C4. Decarbonisation of transport					•	•	•

04. Key findings - Infrastructure impact

The future energy landscape will impact land-use and require more energy focused infrastructure and spatial planning



Land-use in ports will be different, requiring long-term, integrated spatial planning





On-site renewables (A5)
Offshore industry (B3)
Zero/low carbon energy (C1-C2)



Dedicated corridors for cables and pipelines and hinterland connections needed to serve changing energy and resource flows to / from industrial clusters



Industry decarbonisation (B4) CCUS (B9)
Circular and biobased (C3)



Renewable energy and new energy carriers require **more and safe storage** to deal with supply-demand variations



Clean fuel bunkering (A4)
Waste to energy/chemicals (B1)
Energy storage hubs (B8)

04. Key findings – Challenges and enablers

Proactively planning, collaboration and developing expertise, infrastructure, and funding helps dealing with energy transition challenges



Challenges

- Investments: High investment levels, difficulty to secure funding and complexity in investment decisions (e.g. alternative fuel bunkering)
- Space: More space and different use needed for energy, leading to challenges in spatial planning (e.g. H₂ production and storage)
- Skills: Secure energy and project development skills to deal with energy transition developments
- Operations: Implementation without interference (e.g. electrification of equipment and transport)

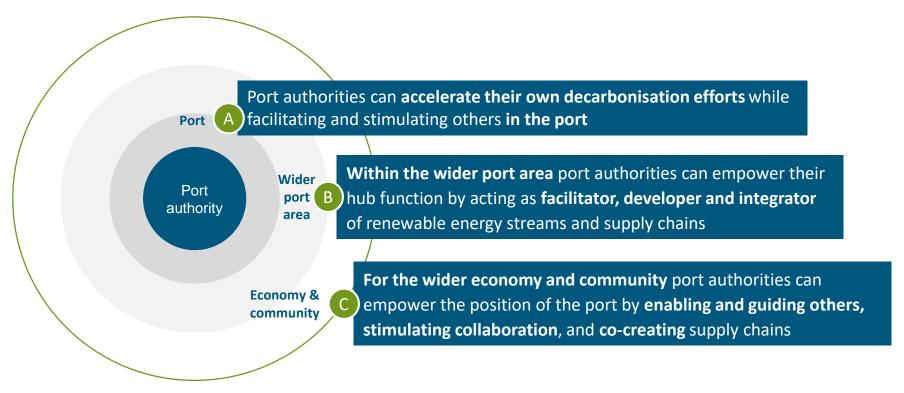


Enablers

- ✓ Funding: support for full implementation of energy transition, risk mitigation, and joint funding
- ✓ Spatial planning: Securing sufficient and dedicated space for new energy developments
- ✓ Energy infrastructure: Upgraded and new enabling energy infrastructure in the port (e.g. power grid)
- ✓ Engagement/ co-operation: Good working relations with other ports and key stakeholders
- ✓ **Governance:** supporting future-oriented port development

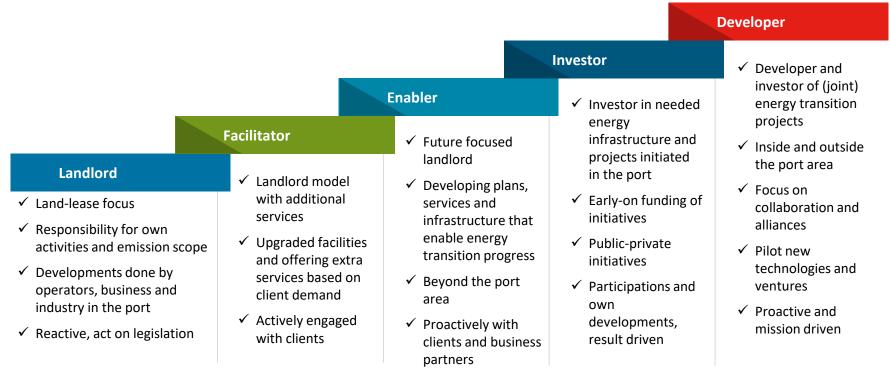
04. Key findings – Role of port authorities

Port authorities can directly act on their own decarbonisation responsibility and play a facilitating and guiding role in and outside the port



04. Key findings – Role of port authorities

Port authorities increasingly take on a broader role to make the energy transition happen and to future-proof the port

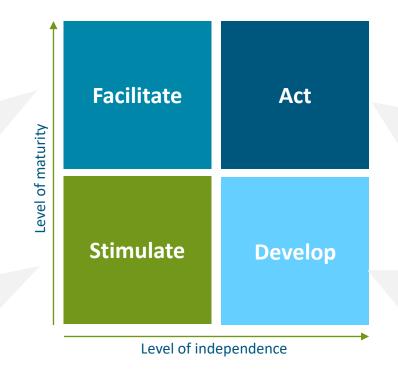


04. Key findings - Potential roles

The role of the port authority also depends on how mature the technology or market is and on the degree of independence for a certain development

Ports can **facilitate** changing client needs by servicing new energy demand with relevant facilities, infrastructure, and attract new businesses

Ports can **stimulate** industry clusters, business development, supply chain development, and innovation on new energy technology



Ports can act on decarbonisation activities with mature technologies and solutions, energy management and efficiency measures

Ports can **develop** long- term plans, new business models, and pilot new immature energy and process technologies, solutions, and facilities

04. Key findings - Opportunities

The energy transition offers opportunities to become more efficient, expand port activities and services, and secure future growth

Selection of identified opportunities



Long-term **cost savings and returns** from energy efficiency
and decarbonisation
investments



Attract future industry and business by proactively developing the port area and secure or grow long-term landuse returns



Development of a crucial role in supply chains by creating
dedicated terminals and
corridors



Utility type role by managing energy flows in the port



Secure **new energy trade flows** and future proof
market share



Offer decarbonised services that will contribute to emission reduction of clients and improve the competitive position of the port



Creation of dedicated services for new revenue streams by servicing industries, terminal operators and shipping liners with specific transport and energy flow services

04. Key findings - Concluding remarks

Our main findings from the study of literature



The goal of this report is to increase understanding and awareness on the impact of the energy transition on European ports, and the implications for the role of port authorities.

- The energy transition is highly complex, diverse and uncertain. It will have significant impact on port infrastructure such as quays, networks and storage space.
- Many port authorities are mission driven and want to enable the transition by playing an essential role in connecting future flows of energy and resources.
- Taking on such a role is demanding: challenges pertain to investment decisions, allocation of space, skills and operations.
- Getting involved early creates opportunities: cost savings, new revenue sources and future proofing the port.
- We see port authorities increasingly taking on a broader and more proactive role towards energy transition topics, in line with their profile and working with key stakeholders.

Report



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Thank you for your attention

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