

D 5.3.2 – Assessment and evaluation surveys

Activity 5.3 – Assessment and evaluation

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ACRONYMS / ABBREVIATIONS

ACRONYM	DEFINITION
PP	Project partners
PT	Project Team
TC	Technical task coordinator
WP	Work package
IT	Information Technologies



1. INTRODUCTION

This Deliverable addresses the collection of useful data to understand the needs of different categories of users assumed to be interested in using the E-chain platform. A survey has been developed to collect some information regarding the preferences of the users with respect to the modality usually chosen for travel between Italy and Croatia.

To facilitate its compilation, the survey has been structured in different sections:

Section 1 - presentation of the survey and the project

Section 2 - travel between Italy and Croatia and profiling by type of traveller

Section 3 - travel experiences by type of traveller

Section 4 - travel sustainability choices

Section 5 - data collection and release

Section 6 - positive effects on the territory in case of a more open sharing of data

Section 7 - collection of general information

The survey has been processed in Italian language to collect data more easily: if it had been delivered in English, it would have been a barrier in participating. To collect information from Croatian users, the same survey will be translated in Croatian language and delivered from Croatian partners to the receivers they know.



2. SURVEY RECEIVERS

The survey has been developed and distributed with a CAWI (Computer Assisted Web Interview) technique using Google Forms. The link to access was delivered via email to a list of internal contacts and it was posted on social media on dedicated pages or groups almost visited by Italians, such as:

Pages dealing with tourism themes

Friuli Venezia Giulia Turismo

Facebook page

https://www.facebook.com/friuliveneziagiulia.turismo

Pages dealing with Croatia

Croazia Mare

Facebook page

https://www.facebook.com/croazia.mare.vacanze

Croazia Tours

Facebook page

https://www.facebook.com/croazia

Italiani in Croazia

Facebook public group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/italianiincroazia

Viaggiare in Croazia

Facebook public group



https://www.facebook.com/groups/2111051099039218

Amanti delle vacanze in Croazia

Facebook public group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/893851970677577/

Vacanze in Croazia

Facebook public group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/239919696032860/

Croazia da vivere

Facebook public group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/998900880639747/

Pages dealing with traveling with children

Its4kids - Vacanze a misura di bambini

Facebook page

https://www.facebook.com/Its4kids/_

Pages dealing with traveling with camper

Camperisti italiani

Facebook private group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/icamperisti



Pages dealing with disabilities

Turismo accessibile - proposte e soluzioni

Facebook private group linked to the Facebook page "InVisibili - Corriere della Sera"

https://www.facebook.com/groups/1704521829766756

Viaggi Accessibili

Facebook private group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/1125038564285509/

Turismo accessibile - Vacanze per disabili

Facebook public group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/vacanzeaccessibili/

Viaggi, Sport & Attività per Disabili

Facebook public group

https://www.facebook.com/groups/sportdisabili/

Although the technique used has limitations in terms of statistical representativeness of the intercepted sample - respondents were not recruited according to probabilistic criteria but based on their choice to participate) - the results obtained have been satisfactory: 53 people responded in the period between December 20th, 2021, and December 31th, 2021. This survey will also be proposed in Croatian language from Croatian partners of the E-Chain consortium to capture the opinions and requirements from Croatian travellers. A consolidated analysis of both Italian and Croatian surveys will be presented in deliverable D5.3.3. "Assessment and evaluation report".



According to the project intentions, some questions try to intercept the needs of some categories of travellers who have been profiled to define more precisely the functionalities the platform will have to meet.

Given the typical traveller "who travels alone for business or other reasons, or who travels with friends", the other identified categories are:

- a. user traveling with family
- b. user traveling with camper
- c. user traveling as a helper of a person with disability, or who has disability himself/herself.



2A USER TRAVELING WITH FAMILY

The needs of those traveling with family, specifically with young children (under 12 years old), are very different than those traveling alone or with other adults.

The planning of the trip becomes an important phase: knowing in advance what you will encounter before, during and after the trip are essential information to avoid problems or inconveniences that could make the experience negative.

Some elements to consider when planning a trip are the choice of transportation method(s), the time it takes to reach the destination, the costs saving and CO2 saving.

Regarding the transportation system, but also to the departure and arrival stations, the spatial characteristics, and the services available play a fundamental role on which the success of the trip can largely depend.

So-called "baby-friendly" or "kid-friendly" spaces and services are increasingly in demand, but so are "family-friendly" spaces and services. There are several certifications and quality marks that can be awarded to public and/or private entities upon demonstration of the characteristics of the spaces and services offered.

In short, a kid-friendly environment is a space made specifically for children, designed for their needs, their requirements, and their size. A kid-friendly area will have, for example, furnishings for children (in terms of size and type), objects suitable for their hands, images that they are able to see and understand, specific proposals for the characteristics of their age. Kid-friendly spaces can also be frequented by groups of children or by children accompanied by adults other than their parents.

A family-friendly environment is suitable for the whole family; this means that it is designed to make all its members feel good in it, and that the intention is to encourage interaction between them. Generally, places that are considered family-friendly also welcome people without children.



To collect information that can be directly useful and can be used to better outline the characteristics that E-chain platform must have, the questions proposed to those who travel with their families investigate the experience of traveling by ferry, also considering routes different from those between Italy and Croatia. Specifically, it was asked to express the three greatest criticalities encountered from a sample list:

general trip organizatio	n
booking tickets	
$oldsymbol{\square}$ waiting for boarding	
$oldsymbol{\square}$ journey on ferryboat	
$oldsymbol{\square}$ arrival at destination	
☐ finding information	
☐ long waiting times	
☐ inaccessible spaces	
☐ other	

An analysis of the websites of some ferry companies operating in the Adriatic or Tyrrhenian Sea (Tab.1) shows that, in general and in recent years, almost all travel companies are offering child-friendly spaces, providing play areas, specific equipment in dining areas (highchairs, bottle warmers) and equipment to facilitate hygiene care (changing tables). The presence of these services is also reported on the dedicated pages of the companies' websites, precisely because it is recognized the importance of knowing these facilities in advance to be able to face a more conscious journey.

However, the same information is not always available, and in a systematic way, regarding ports of departure and arrival, and regarding cultural and tourist attractions of the destinations, such as museums, restaurants, stores, etc...

Some questions then investigate whether any information about the presence of family-friendly spaces also in ports and cultural and tourist attractions in destinations would be an appreciated element.



	Travel companies	Baby and family-friendly services
1	Adria Ferries	yes
2	Caronte tourist	yes
3	Corsica Ferries	yes
4	GNV	yes
5	Grimaldi Lines	yes
6	Jadrolinija	yes
7	Moby Lines	yes
8	SNAV	no
9	Tirrenia	yes
10	Ventouris Ferries	no

Tab 1. Availability of information on dedicated pages on travel company websites for users traveling with family



Children's corner



From 2016 Jadrolinija has started by introducing a special offer for our youngest travelers – "Jadrolinija - children's friend". The project does consist of decorating children corners on Jadrolinija ships and at Jadrolinija agencies, in order to make our little and faithful passengers enjoy traveling in game and fun. Jadrolinija is happy to announce 10 children corners on the following car ferries: Krk, Brač, Mljet, Kornati, Petar Hektorović and Biokovo, catamaran Vida, as well as, at Split and Zadar Jadrolinija agencies. The newest corner that has, successfully, been renewed in 2018 is the one on the ferry Dubrovnik.

Figure 1. Children's corner description on Jadrolinija website





Figure 2. Family friendly services description on Tirrenia website

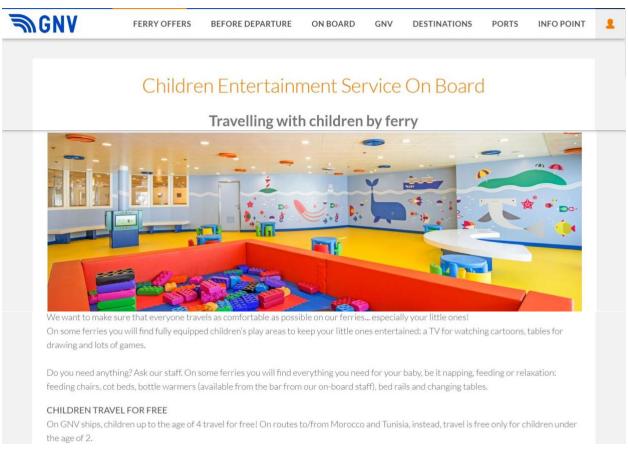


Figure 3. Family friendly services description on GNV website



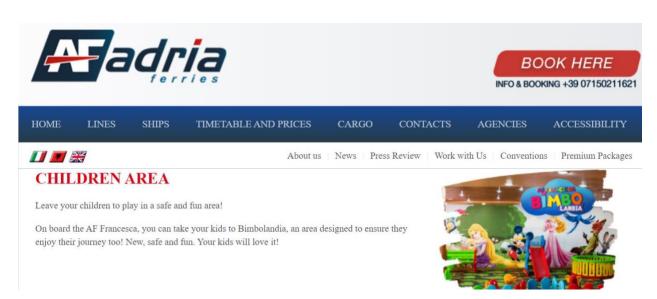


Figure 4. Family friendly services description on Adria ferries website



Our small passengers will find a series of services on board that will make the crossing comfortable and enjoyable, giving their parents maximum peace of mind. In addition to basic facilities, such as travel cradles (available only for some types of cabins), changing tables and high chairs, we provide children a **play area** where to meet and share the magic of the journey by ship with other small children of the same age.



Figure 5. Family friendly services description on Grimaldi Lines website



2B USER TRAVELING WITH CAMPER

The needs of those who travel with a camper are also very different from those who travel in other ways. Regarding the ferry crossing there are mainly two possible services:

- the transport of your own camper or caravan in the cargo hold or on an external bridge
- the camping-on board service, which allows you to stay inside your camper or caravan during the whole crossing without having to buy an alternative accommodation on board

For both solutions, the most important thing is to know in advance and with precision the boarding procedures and general conditions of transport, information that are not always present on travel companies' websites (Tab. 2). For this category of travellers, too, there is however a scarcity of information regarding the characteristics of the ports of departure and arrival to know, for example, the availability of dedicated parking and rest areas.

To collect information that is directly useful and that can be used to better outline the characteristics that the E-chain platform must have, the questions proposed to those who travel by camper specifically investigate the experience of traveling by ferry, also considering routes other than those between Italy and Croatia and vice versa, asking them to express the three greatest criticalities encountered from a sample list.

$oldsymbol{\square}$ general trip organization
booking tickets
$oldsymbol{\square}$ waiting for boarding
☐ journey on ferryboat
arrival at destination
finding information
long waiting times
inaccessible spaces
☐ other



Some questions then investigate whether any information about the presence of dedicated parking and/or parking spaces even at ports and cultural and tourist attractions in the destinations would be an appreciated element.

	Travel companies	Travelling with camper
1	Adria ferries	yes
2	Caronte tourist	yes
3	Corsica ferries	yes
4	GNV	no
5	Grimaldi lines	yes
6	Jadrolinija	no
7	Moby lines	yes
8	SNAV	no
9	Tirrenia	yes
10	Ventouris ferries	no

Tab 2. Availability of information on dedicated pages on travel company websites for users traveling with camper



Promotion camper, caravan, van, minibus or cart Sardinia

Tariffs for campers, caravans, vans, minibuses and trailers for Sardinia



Figure 6. Campers & caravans traveling info on Moby website





Figure 7. Campers & caravans traveling info on Grimaldi Lines website



2C USER WHO TRAVELS AS A HELPER OF A PERSON WITH DISABILITY, OR WHO HAS A DISABILITY HIMSELF/HERSELF

Contrary to the previous categories, the one that includes travellers with disabilities or caregivers is particularly wide-ranging and well researched. Those who experience conditions of disability, whether permanent or temporary, whether physical, sensory, or cognitive, encounter daily battles to assert their basic human rights, such as accessing places, taking an active part in community life, not being excluded, or discriminated against because of the conditions they experience. It must be said that, differently from how it was conceived years ago, "disability results from the interaction between people with impairments and attitudinal and environmental barriers that hinder their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others" (UNWTO, 2013): environmental accessibility is therefore particularly decisive in the process of full integration of people with disabilities in social life.

To design and propose travel solutions that are not excluding, the research field of so-called "accessible tourism for all" has emerged, which not only concerns access for persons with disabilities, but also "the creation of universally designed environments capable of supporting persons who may have temporary disabilities, families with young children, and the ever-growing elderly population" (UNWTO, 2013). Referring, then, to the criteria that go into designing accessible tourism solutions for all allows for the design of improved spaces and services for many more beneficiaries.

Also in this case, as for the categories previously seen, the planning of the trip is a decisive phase: knowing in advance what you will encounter on the trip is essential to avoid problems or inconveniences that could make the experience negative, or even impossible to carry out.

Elements to be considered to undertake a conscious journey are the choice of means of transport, the time it takes to reach the destination, the savings (both economic and CO2).



Regarding the means of transport, but also to the stations of departure and arrival, the spatial characteristics and the services present play a fundamental role on which the success of the trip may depend to a large extent.

The needs of travellers with disabilities are also often referred to as "special," a way to prevent the person from feeling like they are the focus because of their condition. Another term for this category is "people with reduced mobility", as indicated by Tirrenia company, or Grimaldi Lines company, which includes physical disability (also temporary), mental disability, pregnancy, person with reduced mobility due to their age¹.

Depending on whether they have physical, sensory, or cognitive disabilities, the "barriers" that can be encountered during a trip are numerous and very different. Solutions designed following the discipline of Universal Design² seek to avoid customized designs, instead trying to meet different needs more broadly. We also refer to the legislation in force which establishes, at European level, safety requirements for passenger ships and high-speed passenger craft for people with reduced mobility³.

We report, as an example, some elements that can facilitate access to people with physical disabilities (wheelchair, electronic chair, or moving by means of other auxiliaries), possibly independently:

- presence of elements that allow to overcome differences in level
- adequate width of paths and accesses (minimum 80 cm)
- adequate slope of the paths (possibly lower than 8%)
- anti-slipness of the paths
- appropriate characteristics of the furnishings (such as the height of the tables)
- suitable characteristics of the hygienic services.

¹ List available on website https://en.tirrenia.it/info-ferry/reduced-mobility/

 $^{^{2}\ \} https://universaldesign.ie/what-is-universal-design/the-7-principles/$

³ Directive 2009/45/ec of the European parliament and of the council of 6 May 2009 on safety rules and standards for passenger ships. Guidelines on safety requirements for passenger ships and high-speed passenger craft for persons with reduced mobility



We also report, as an example, some elements that can facilitate access to people with sensory disabilities (blind or visually impaired, deaf or hard of hearing, other) and people with cognitive disabilities, possibly independently:

- presence of elements that allow easy identification of paths, accesses, possible stairs
- adequate width of paths and accesses, which must be free of obstacles
- use of clear and easily readable communication and wayfinding elements, paying attention to the use of fonts, colours, and layouts.

To collect information that is directly useful and usable to better delineate the characteristics that the E-chain platform must have, the questions proposed specifically investigate the experience of travel by ferry, also considering routes other than those between Italy and Croatia and vice versa, asking to express the three greatest criticalities encountered from a sample list.

general trip organization
booking tickets
$oldsymbol{\square}$ waiting for boarding
journey on ferryboat
arrival at destination
finding information
long waiting times
inaccessible spaces
☐ other

The accessibility of the spaces and services offered on the ferries show that, in general, there is great attention by all travel companies, which also provide information on the dedicated pages on their websites (Tab. 3). However, the same information is not always available, and in a systematic way, regarding ports of departure and arrival, and regarding cultural and tourist attractions of destinations, such as museums, restaurants, stores, etc...



Some questions have therefore investigated whether any information regarding the accessibility and usability of spaces and services (e.g., presence of equipment to overcome architectural barriers; presence of dedicated parking; presence of baby-friendly solutions) even in ports and cultural and tourist attractions in destinations would be an appreciated element.

	Travel companies	Travelling with special needs
1	Adria ferries	yes
2	Caronte tourist	yes
3	Corsica ferries	yes
4	GNV	yes
5	Grimaldi lines	yes
6	Jadrolinija	no
7	Moby lines	yes
8	SNAV	no
9	Tirrenia	yes
10	Ventouris ferries	no

Tab 3. Availability of information on dedicated pages on travel company websites for users traveling with special needs





BOOK NOW

PREPARE

ON BOARD



HOME / INFO / REDUCED MOBILITY

PASSENGERS WITH REDUCED MOBILITY

FACILITIES, SERVICES AND SUBSITIES AT THE SERVICE OF DISABLED PASSENGERS

As a person with reduced mobilitypeople are considered whose mobility got reduced by:

- o phylical disability (sensoric, motoric; permanent or temporary)
- mental disability
- pregnancy
- o person with reduced mobility due to their age

Figure 8. Facilities for people with special needs on Tirrenia website

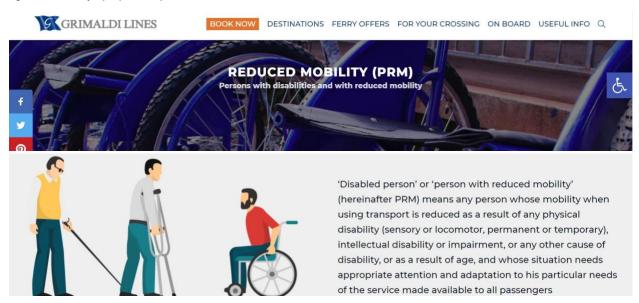


Figure 9. Facilities for people with special needs on Grimaldi Lines website



BIBLIOGRAPHY

World Tourism Organization (2013), Recommendations on Accessible Tourism, UNWTO, Madrid

European Parliament (2009), DIRECTIVE 2009/45/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 6 May 2009 on safety rules and standards for passenger ships



3. ANNEXES

Section 1 - presentation of the survey and the project

The following survey aims to collect information regarding the preferences of users with respect to the modalities usually chosen for travel between Italy and Croatia.

It consists of about forty questions and requires less than 10 minutes to complete.

The survey has been elaborated by the research group inside the University of Trieste coordinated by Prof. Lorenzo Castelli, as a partner of the Interreg Italy-Croatia E-Chain project (https://www.italy-croatia.eu/web/e-chain) whose objective is to improve connectivity and data harmonization in the management of intermodal transport services for passengers in port areas.

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DATA TREATMENT

The processing of personal data will take place in accordance with the principles set out in EU Regulation 679/2016, containing the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and, for the applicable part, in Legislative Degree 196/2003 "Code on the Protection of Personal Data". The data, processed also through computer tools and applications, will be analysed and disseminated exclusively in anonymous form, for example in statistical reports, scientific publications and scientific conferences.

Data treatment

☐ I authorize the treatment of my data

Section 2 - travel between Italy and Croatia and profiling by type of traveller

1) How often do you travel between Italy and Croatia?
☐ daily
☐ once a week
☐ once a month
lue more than once a month, during the year
☐ more than once a month, during the summer



☐ several times a year
☐ at least once a year
□ never
□ others
Section 3 - travel experiences by type of traveller
2) In which of the following categories do you mostly recognize yourself when moving between Italy and Croatia?
☐ I usually travel alone for business or other reasons
☐ I usually travel with family
Travel with family
Do you have children under the age of 12?
□ yes
□ no
Have you ever faced a ferry trip with your children? (even in places other than Italy and Croatia)
□ yes
□ no
If yes: Referring to the last trip you took by ferry, how positive was the experience?
1 🗆 2 🗀 3 🗀 4 🗀 5 🗔
If yes: could you indicate, from the following, the three most critical aspects of the experience?
☐ general trip organization
☐ booking tickets
☐ waiting for boarding



🖵 jourr	ney on ferryboat
☐ Arriv	al at destination
🖵 findii	ng information
☐ long	waiting times
🖵 inacc	cessible spaces
☐ othe	r
☐ I usually trav	el with friends
☐ I usually trav	el with camper
Travel with cam	nper
Have y Croatia	ou ever faced a ferry trip with your camper? (even in places other than Italy and
🖵 yes	
☐ no	
If yes: F	Referring to the last trip you took by ferry, how positive was the experience?
1 🗖	2 🗆 3 🗆 4 🗆 5 🗆
If yes: experie	could you indicate, from the following, the three most critical aspects of the nce?
🖵 gene	ral trip organization
🖵 book	ring tickets
🖵 waiti	ng for boarding
🖵 jourr	ney on ferryboat
🗖 arriva	al at destination
🖵 findii	ng information
☐ long	waiting times
☐ inacc	cessible spaces
🖵 othe	r



☐ I usually travel with caregiver because of my disability, or I'm a caregiver of a person with disability
Travel with special needs
Could you please specify the type of disability?
☐ physical
☐ sensorial
☐ cognitive
☐ others
Have you ever faced a ferry trip with your camper? (even in places other than Italy and
Croatia)
□ yes
□ no
If yes: Referring to the last trip you took by ferry, how positive was the experience?
If yes: could you indicate, from the following, the three most critical aspects of the experience?
☐ general trip organization
☐ booking tickets
☐ waiting for boarding
☐ journey on ferryboat
☐ Arrival at destination
☐ finding information
☐ long waiting times
☐ inaccessible spaces
☐ others
Section 4 - travel sustainability choices

3) How do you primarily travel? (You can choose between several answers)



☐ by car			
☐ by pullman	l		
☐ by train			
☐ by camper			
☐ by ferry			
☐ by bicycle			
$\ \square$ more than	one solut	tion, cor	nbined
☐ others			
4) Which of the	ne follow	ing mos	t influences the choice of vehicle(s)?
☐ more comf	ort		
☐ time saving	3		
☐ economic s	saving		
☐ CO2 saving			
☐ others			
5) Would you comfort?	be open	to chai	nge your travel habits between Italy and Croatia in exchange for greater
1 🗆 2 🖵	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
6) Would you time saving?	ı be oper	to chai	nge your travel habits between Italy and Croatia in exchange for greater
1 🛭 2 🗖	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
7) Would you economic say	-	to chai	nge your travel habits between Italy and Croatia in exchange for greater
1 🗆 2 🖵	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
8) Would you CO2 saving?	ı be oper	ı to chai	nge your travel habits between Italy and Croatia in exchange for greater
1 🗖 2 🗖	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
			nment, and I expect the solutions I choose will follow sustainability wing statement. \Box



10) "My priorities are comfort and value for money, ahead of services and practices considered "green" ". Please rate the following statement.
1
11) "I would be open to paying more for less polluting and more environmentally friendly modes of transportation". Please rate the following statement.
12) "I would be open to choose one product/service over others if I was given information about the sustainable management criteria of the products/services I choose". Please rate the following statement.
1
Section 5 - data collection and release
13) Do you use apps or websites to plan and track your travel between Italy and Croatia? ☐ yes ☐ no
14) If yes, could you name it / them?
15) What are the most relevant features of these apps and/or websites?
16) Would you be interested in receiving updated and personalized information on your smartphone before, during and after your journey? For example, regarding your position in case of active geolocation; or the presence of places or events responding to your particular preferences. yes no do not know



17) Wo	uld you	be inte	rested i	n receiving real-time traffic information?
1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
40) 144			.	
				I in receiving information about cultural offerings and events in and
		stination		- 0
1 🗖	2 🗖	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
19) Wo	uld vou	ı be inte	erested	in receiving information about food and wine proposals in and around
=	, stination			
1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗖	4 🔲	5 🗆
		-	. –	
20) W	ould yo	u be ir	ntereste	d in receiving information about the weather in and around your
destina	tion?			
1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
21) Wo	uld you	ı be int	erested	in receiving information on the availability and location of dedicated
parking	spaces	(e.g., fo	or recha	rging electric cars, for campers, for families, for people with disabilities,
bicycle	parking	spaces.)?	
1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
=	•			I in receiving information about the availability and location of bike
sharing	and ot	her rent	able eq	uipment?
1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
22) \\	auld vo	u ho in	toroctor	d in receiving information regarding the accessibility and usability of
=	-			
-		colutions		esence of equipment to overcome architectural barriers; presence of
-	•		-	r D
1 🗖	2 🗖	3 🗖	4 🔲	5 🗆
24) Wh	at perso	onal dat	a would	I you be willing to provide to receive personalized service based on your
=	•	ferences		,
☐ origi	•			



□ sex
□ age
☐ type of traveller
□ e-mail address
☐ telephone number
□ social profiles
□ real-time location
☐ hobbies and personal preferences
☐ all required data
☐ none of the required data
☐ Others
Section 6 - positive effects on the territory in case of a more open sharing of data
25) Do you think a territory could grow in attractiveness and efficiency by being able to provide its citizens with real-time traffic-related data?
1 🗆 2 🗔 3 🗔 4 🗔 5 🗔
26) Do you think a territory could grow in attractiveness and efficiency, being able to provide its citizens with updated data regarding cultural proposals and events? 1
27) Do you think a territory could grow in attractiveness and efficiency, being able to provide its citizens with updated data about Eno gastronomical proposals?
1 🗆 2 🗔 3 🗔 4 🗔 5 🗔
28) Do you think a territory could grow in attractiveness and efficiency, being able to provide its citizens with updated data about the weather?
1 🗆 2 🗔 3 🗔 4 🗔 5 🗔



•		•	reduced grow in attractiveness and efficiency, being able to provide its ording the availability and location of dedicated parking (e.g.,
for recharging	g electric	cars, fo	r campers, for families, for people with disabilities, bicycle parking)?
1 🗆 2 🖵	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
•			ory could grow in attractiveness and efficiency, being able to provide its carding the availability and location of bike sharing and other rentable
1 🔲 2 🔲	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗖
citizens with	informa quipmer	ation re	a could grow in attractiveness and efficiency, being able to provide its egarding the accessibility and usability of spaces and services (e.g., ercome architectural barriers; presence of baby-friendly solutions)?
1 🔲 2 🔲	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
•	rmation	(on ev	e of an online platform (e.g., TripAdvisor) that coordinates and provides ents, culture, transport, stores, offers, etc.) could improve the use of
1 🗆 2 🖵	3 🗖	4 🗆	5 🗆
•			that the user can provide information to the platform (such as sending comments, etc.)?
1 2 2	3 □	4 🗆	5 🗖
Section 7 - co	llection	of gener	al information
Section 7 - co 34) Gender	llection	of gener	al information
	llection	of gener	al information
34) Gender	llection (of gener	al information



35) Age
☐ 15-18 years old
☐ 19-25 years old
☐ 26-35 years old
☐ 36-45 years old
☐ 46-55 years old
☐ 56-65 years old
☐ more than 65 years old
26) Marking status
36) Working status
□ worker
☐ worker in the tourism industry / seasonal worker
☐ unemployed
☐ student
☐ retired
37) Are there any additional aspects related to the travel experience while traveling between Italy and Croatia that you would like to report?