



### Italian Recovery and Resilience Facility Plan

November 30, 2021

Carlo Prischich
Special Technical Unit
Ministry of Sustainable Infrastructures and Mobility - MIMS

### MIMS IS CENTRAL TO NRRP IMPLEMENTATION

With over 62 billion MIMS plays a crucial role

Funding source	Total
	resources
Next Generation EU	40,701
React EU	0,313
Supplementary Fund	10,615
Budget Variance	10,350
Overall Total	61,979

Some projects will be carried out in collaboration with other Ministries: Ministry of Digital Innovation, Ministry for Economic Development, Ministry of Ecological Transition, Ministry of Culture, Department for the South and Social Cohesion.



### AN INTEGRATED VISION

The projects under the responsibility of the Ministry of Sustainable Infrastructures and Mobility (MIMS) in the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (NRRP) are in line with:

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

The European Green Deal









National strategic planning and sector planning

Other national and European resources



### MIMS IS CENTRAL TO NRRP IMPLEMENTATION

MIMS carries out projects and reforms on 6 strategic objectives

- sustainable development (NRRP missions)
- 2. ecological and digital transition
- 3. improve people's quality of life and reduce inequalities
- 4. accelerate the construction of infrastructure and increase the competitiveness of companies
- 5. generate an increase in income and employment
- 6. reduce the North-South gaps



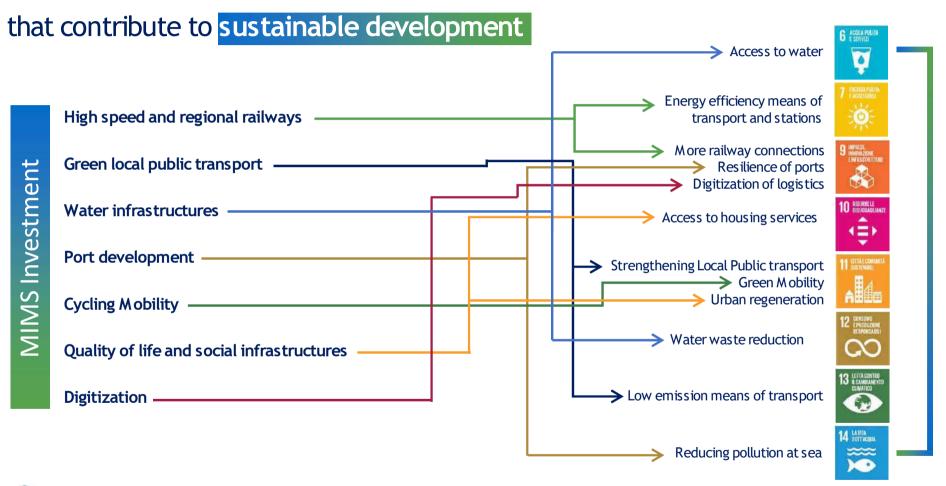
### PROJECTS AND REFORMS

which account for 4 of the 6 NPRR missions

Missions	Total resources (Billion)
Digitalization and innovation	0,493
Green revolution and ecological transition	15,814
Infrastructure for sustainable mobility	41,809
Inclusion and cohesion	3,863
Overall total	61,979



### ALL PROJECTS AND REFORMS







### PROJECTS AND REFORMS

that are essential for the ecological and digital transition

## Iron option for modal shift: an estimated saving of 2.3 million tons of CO2 emissions per year

- High-speed development and regional lines (700 km)
- Rapid Mass Transport (RMT) in urban areas (216 km of new tramlines, metros, trolleybuses)
- Purchase of new trains

### Renewal of electric and hydrogen bus fleet

- 3,200 electric/hydrogen buses in urban areas
- 2,000 methane buses for suburban transport

#### Hydrogen testing for un-electrified railways

• 50 hydrogen trains in the South and Val Camonica

#### Smooth mobility

• 1,800 km of tourist and urban cycle routes



### PROJECTS AND REFORMS

that improve people's quality of life and reduce inequalities

Development of urban mobility

 Better connections for remote areas and Economic and industrial development of South

that accelerate the construction of infrastructure and increase the competitiveness of companies

- Speeding up and simplification of infrastructure investments
- Reduce costs and more competition

- Digitisation of logistics
- Ecological transition of the naval fleet



### **EXTENSION OF HIGH-SPEED RAIL AND UPGRADING** OF REGIONAL NETWORKS

(slide 1/2)

Development of high-speed and high-capacity lines 25 billion

- Salerno Reggio Calabria 11,2 billion
- Brescia Vicenza Padova 4,6 billion
- Liguria Alpi 4,0 billion

- Palermo Catania Messina 1,4 billion
- Napoli Bari 1,4 billion
- Verona Brennero 0,9 billion

- Roma Pescara 0,6 billion
- Orte Falconara 0,5 billion
- Taranto Battipaglia 0,4 billion



## EXTENSION OF HIGH-SPEED RAIL AND UPGRADING OF REGIONAL NETWORKS (slide 2/2)

Upgrading of rail hubs serving urban areas and other routes 3 billion

Station plan in the South 0,7 billion for redevelopment and improvement of accessibility

Strengthening regional networks and electrification 5.45 billion



## RENEWAL OF TRAINS, BUSES AND SHIPS TO REDUCE EMISSIONS

"Green" Local public transport and rapid mass transport 8.4 billion

- Renewal of the bus fleet (including Full Electric in Milan, Rome and Naples)
   3.0 billion
- Rapid Mass Transport (RMT Development)
   3.6 billion
- Renewal of Local Public Transport (LPT) trains

0.6 billion

Renewal of intercity trains in the South
 0.2 billion

 Renewal of locomotives, rolling stock and freight infrastructure

0.2 billion

 Renewal of LPT vessels in the Strait of Messina

0.1 billion

 Renewal of the fleet with low environmental impact ships

0.7 billion



## INVESTMENT IN PORT DEVELOPMENT, LOGISTICS AND MARITIME TRANSPORT

 Construction of the new port of Genoa breakwater

0.5 billion

 Modernization and development projects in the Port of Trieste

0.38 billion

 Electrification of docks at Ten-T ports (Cold Ironing National Plan)

0.7 billion

• Energy efficiency and waste management in ports (Green ports)

0.3 billion

 Increase in port capacity in the ports of Venice, La Spezia, Naples and Cagliari
 0.18 billion

• Infrastructure for the ZES 0.6 billion



## INVESTMENT IN PORT DEVELOPMENT, LOGISTICS AND MARITIME TRANSPORT

 Last/penultimate railway and road mile in the ports of: Venice, Ancona, Civitavecchia, Naples, Salerno

0.07 billion

Energy and environmental efficiency in the ports of the Strait of Messina

0.05 billion

 Restoration and renewal of infrastructure in the ports of: Venice, Naples, Marina di Carrara, Salerno, Manfredonia, Palermo and Catania

0.3 billion

- Increase in maritime accessibility in the ports of: Vado Ligure, Ravenna, Civitavecchia, Naples, Salerno, Taranto, Brindisi and Trapani 0.6 billion
- Sustainable mobility for small islands
   0.04 billion



## DIGITIZATION INTERVENTIONS FOR BETTER LOGISTICS AND ROAD SAFETY

- Digitization of Italy's logistics systems
   0.25 billion
- Digitization of local public transport (Mobility as a service)
   0.04 billion
- Development of the railway system and the European railway system ERTMS for speed increase, infrastructure capacity and security

2.97 billion

 Digital innovation of air traffic control systems

0.11 billion

 Technological monitoring of bridges, viaducts and road and motorway and road tunnels

0.45 billion

 Safety and technological monitoring interventions for A24 and A25

1.0 billion



### INNOVATION for ECOLOGICAL TRANSITION

- Electrical recharges 0.7 billion
- Hydrogen rail transport experimentation in Val Camonica, Salento and other networks
   0.3 billion
- Brenner Green Corridor
   0.1 billion
- Strengthening the green transport industry, its supply chains and smart mobility
   0.3 billion



## DEVELOPMENT OF PROVINCIAL ROADS FOR INLAND AREAS AND CYCLE PATHS FOR SMOOTH MOBILITY

- Provincial roads to connect inland areas with major transport routes
  - 0.3 billion
- Urban cycle routes
   0.2 billion

- Tourist cycle routes
  - 0.4 billion
  - VenTo Route cycle (Venezia-Torino)
  - Sole Route Cycle
  - Garda Route Cycle
  - TriLiVe Route Cycle Trieste-Lignano-Venezia
  - Adriatica Route Cycle
  - Tirrenica Route Cycle
  - GRAB Route Cycle (Bike Rome Ring Road)
  - Apulian Aqueduct Route Cycle
  - Magna Grecia Route Cycle



## SYSTEM REFORMS: SIMPLIFICATION, COMPETITION AND EFFICIENCY

- Railways: accelerating the procedures to finalize the Program Contract between MIMS and the National Railways Network (RFI) and the authorization procedures
- Ports: improving the port planning, rules of State Property concessions
- Logistics: single window for import/export controls, interoperability of platforms for passengers and goods and electronic vehicle document

- Local Public Transport: accelerating the approval procedures for Local Public Transport (LPT) and Rapid Mass Transport (RMT)
- Road Safety: implementing the guide lines for bridges security and transfer of the property of bridges, viaducts and tunnels from the Local Authorities to the State
- Water Resources: strengthening of the governance for the water supply infrastructures





## Ministry of Sustainable Infrastructures and Mobility Technical Office for the Strategic Development of the Infrastructures and Transports



### Thanks for your attention!

For any further information or request please contact me: carlo.prischich@mit.gov.it





Cross-Border Forum – High Level Conference – Carlo Borgomeo, President of Assaeroporti 30 November 2021

### Airport industry engagement

The airport industry has been engaged for years in initiatives focused on sustainability and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, trying to reconcile infrastructure development with the environmental and social protection needs of the surrounding area (and not only)

Investments carried out so far have concerned the use or production of energy from renewable sources, the implementation of energy efficiency measures, the implementation of procedures for more efficient operations, and so on. In addition, in the recent months the airport operators are focused on the development of sustainable aviation fuels, and the use of hydrogen in the aeronautical sector

Huge investments had been planned to accelerate the "green transition" of the airport sector, but the crisis resulting from the Covid-19 risks to compromise the ability of airport operators to realize all the planned projects



### Impact of Covid-19 on the Italian airport sector

#### Since March 2020

- Lost 160 million passengers in first 12 months of the pandemic (vs. 193 million in 2019)
- Lost more than 3 billion € of revenues
- Strong liquidity absorption and significant growth in financial debt

#### **Traffic forecast**

Full 2021

80 million passengers (-60% of prepandemic levels)

2024-2025

Full recovery of 2019 passengers traffic level



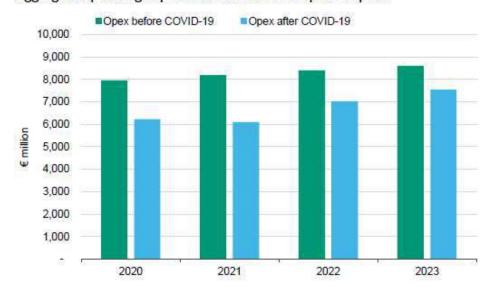
### Airport investment crunch

- Additional cost cutting is not an option
- Revenue generation constraints
- No EU Recovery Fund financing
- State aid limitations

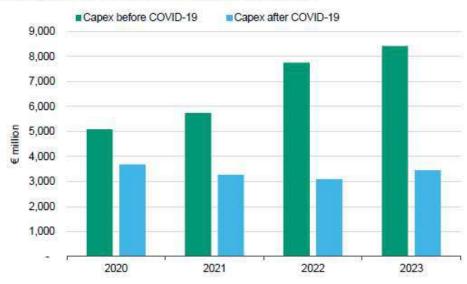


## Opex and capex overview

### Opex savings will reduce over time ... Aggregate operating expenditure for rated European airports



#### ... while capex requirements will remain moderate Aggregate investments for rated European airports



Source: Moody's



## Contribution of the aviation sector to global emissions

The air transport is not the main cause of air pollution produced today in terms of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

915 million tonnes

Worldwide, flights produced 915 million tonnes of CO2 in 2019. Globally, humans produced over 43 billion tonnes of CO2.

4.5 billion

In 2019, 4.5 billion passengers were carried by the world's airlines.

The global aviation industry produces around 2% of all human-induced carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions.

12%

Aviation is responsible for **12**% of CO2 emissions from all transports sources, compared to 74% from road transport.



Source: Air Transport Action Group

### Key messages

Assaeroporti believes that the European green new deal is not just an environmental policy, but a development strategy. Attention to sustainability is not a trend, but a strategic option

Institutions must address a necessary phase of transition helping the sector to accelerate its green evolution. To do this, it is necessary to financially support the investment plans of the airport operators that are no longer able to self-finance the projects and to recover the costs through the airport charges

The European legislation on state aid will also have to be revised to take into account the specificities of the air transport sector in order to overcome the current constraints which tend to exclude airports from public support measures



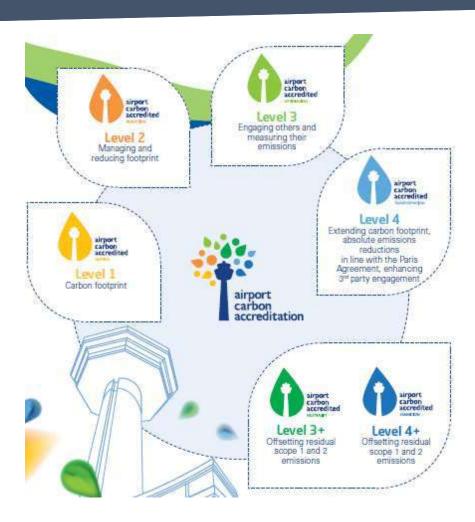
Financial support to accelerate the green transition

Adoption of concrete sustainable development measures



### Global and European initiatives involving airports

Airport Carbon
Accreditation
(ACA) for carbon
management at
airports since
2009



- 182 accredited airports in Europe
- 14 accredited airports in Italy which represent the 15% of carbon neutral airports of our continent

















### Global and European initiatives involving airports



### NET ZERO 2050 July 2019

- 242 airports in Europe committed to achieve zero emissions by 2050 of which 10 Italian airports
- So far 91 airports have already declared to anticipate the goal to 2030 of which 4 Italian airports



## Main aspects related to sustainability for the airport sector





## Thank you





### ADRIGREEN CROSS-BORDER FORUM

Central Adriatic Ports Authority actions towards sustainability

Guido Vettorel, Head of Unit, Development, promotion, statistics, communication and EU projects

### The Central Adriatic Ports Authority



#### 6 ports

- 11,8 millions tons of goods (2019)
- 1,2 million passengers (value 2019)
- 9.016 workers
- 2 regions
- 3 main cities
- **2 Maritime Directions**
- **2 Interregional Custom Directions**
- 215 km, the length of the coastline





### The International Port of Ancona

6.528 people employed in port

1.910 ships calling the port of Ancona in 2019

1.190. 000 passengers in 2019

10.800.000 tons: port throughput 2019





### The International port of Ancona



**FINCANTIERI SHIPYARD** 

**OLD PORT AREA** 

**RO-PAX FERRY TERMINAL** 

**CARGO AND LOGISTICS FACILITIES** 

**FISHING** 

**PORT AND CITY AREA** 

**SHIPYARDS** 

**MARINA** 

**NEW WATERFRONT** 



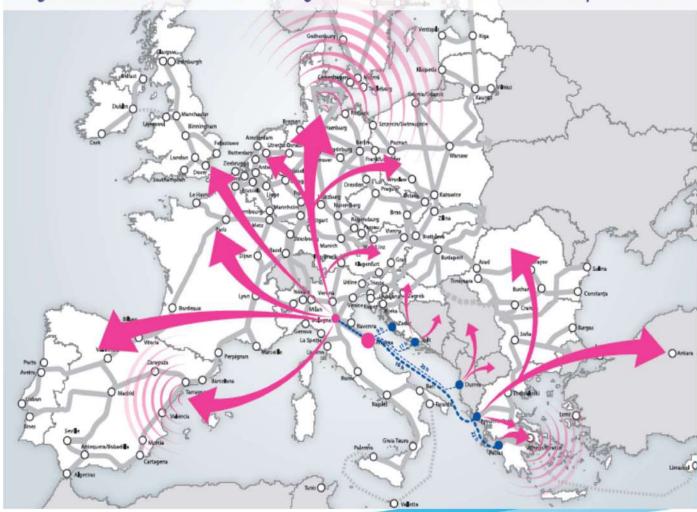


### The port of Ancona: gateway to the East

**European seaport** 

International ferry traffic for freight and passengers

Origin and destination of the main freight flows of the RO/PAX traffic in the port of Ancona







### WORKING TO A SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

#### Endogenous aspects

#### Exogenous aspects



**Projects and actions developed locally** 

Blue Agreement
P.I.A.
Environmental regulation
Handling of goods and management of vehicle flows
Development actions



International and national rules:

Energy policy
Taxation
Model of economic development
Emission rules



## Sustainability. Getting awareness and measure the issue









#### **EMISSIONS (POLLUTION & POLLEN)**

- Port focus
- Inventory of emissions of the whole town
- Modelling to anticipate concentrations and support decisions

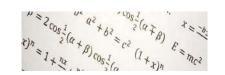


- Plants and green areas of the town

#### HEALTH

- Current situation
- WHO Targets to be reached
- Assessment of the impact on health of the collected data



















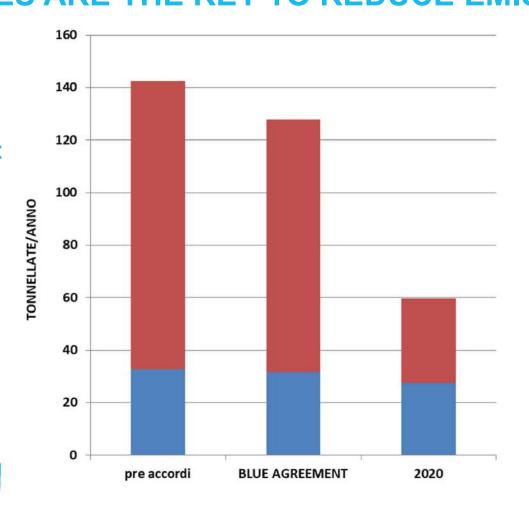






#### **FERRIES SO2 EMISSIONS:**

- Pre IMO2020 rules
- Ancona Blue Agreement impact
- Emissions after new rules







STAZIONAMENTO

### . WHILE PROCESS INNOVATION CAN SUPPORT THE TRANSITION

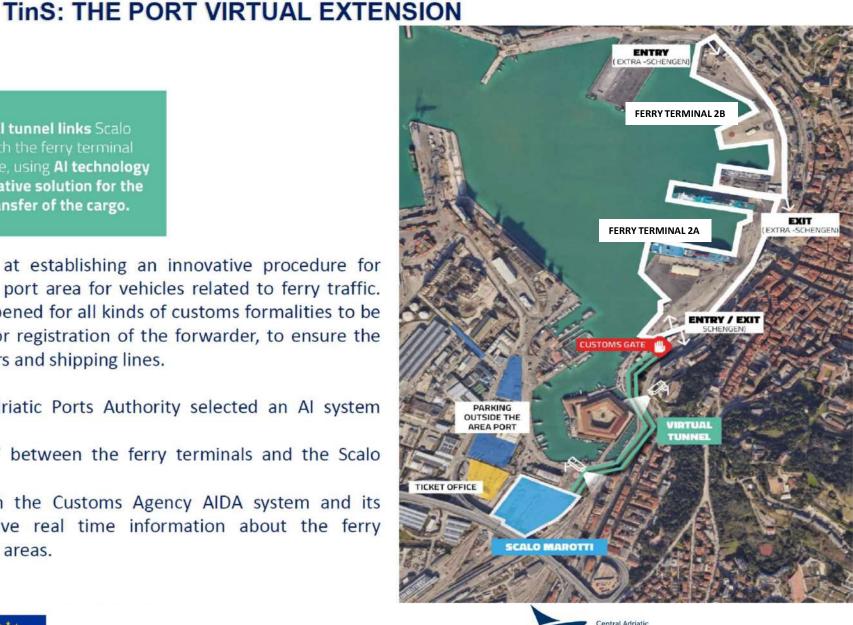




The TinS global project aims at establishing an innovative procedure for customs controls OUTSIDE the port area for vehicles related to ferry traffic. The procedure aims at being opened for all kinds of customs formalities to be performed in port without prior registration of the forwarder, to ensure the flexibility requested by operators and shipping lines.

To that extent the Central Adriatic Ports Authority selected an Al system (A3IU) to:

- 1) control the "virtual tunnel" between the ferry terminals and the Scalo Marotti customs parking;
- 2) Ensure the e-dialogue with the Customs Agency AIDA system and its innovative applications, to give real time information about the ferry (containers) cargo flows in port areas.



Ports Authority

Ports of Pesaro, Falconara Marittima, Ancona, S. Benedetto, Pescara, Ortono



### **EALING Project, CEF Programme**



Contributing to the further development of a common EU harmonised and interoperable framework for deployment of OPS infrastructure and equipment in the ports with close cooperation between all the stakeholders of the maritime sector;



Leading all the necessary technical, environmental, socio economic and financial studies in order to accelerate the preparation and launch of the works phase on OPS infrastructure;

Implementing OPS infrastructure and equipment in at least 16 EU ports belonging to different EU sea basins.





### WHY OPS STUDY FOR QUAY 17



Very close to the historical centre of the city of Ancona;

Dedicated to the mooring of Offshore Supply Vessels, small ferries and passenger ships

(engines on also during night hours, thus impacting both on air and noise pollution of the residential areas and touristic/accommodation facilities located just behind)

Quay 17





# COOPERATE FOR TRANSITION THE NEW EU STRATEGY AND THE IMPACT ON THE NATIONAL PROGRAMME



## Communication COM(2019)640 on the European Green Deal,

making the EU the first climate neutral continent by 2050, resulting in a cleaner environment, more affordable energy, smarter transport, new jobs and an overall better quality of life.



- Cold ironing in the 5 Central Adriatic ports (funding secured);
- Infrastructure development;
- 14 projects proposed under the green ports call of the Italian Ministry of Environment, mainly on energy transition





### THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION!

Central Adriatic Ports Authority

**Guido Vettorel** 

- Molo S. Maria, Ancona
- vettorel@porto.ancona.it
- www.porto.ancona.it





