

D.2.2.2 – Publication in selected journals and conferences



Document Control Sheet

Project number:	10044130
Project acronym	WATERCARE
Project Title	Water management solutions for reducing microbial environment impact in coastal areas
Start of the project	01/01/2019
Duration	36 months

Related activity:	Activity number 2.2. Media relation and publications
Deliverable name:	Publication in selected journals and conferences
Type of deliverable	Report
Language	Croatian, English, Italian
Work Package Title	Communication activities
Work Package number	2
Work Package Leader	DNR

Status	Final
Author (s)	Ivana Kristović – DNR PP6
Version	1
Due date of deliverable	December 2021.
Delivery date	December 2021.

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

INDEX

1.	INTRODUCTION.....	2
2.	ANNEXES.....	3

ANNEXES

- Each PPs special publication

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

1. INTRODUCTION

This activity is mainly dedicated in project promotion through local, national and European media campaigns and in the identification of journals and conferences useful for publication and presentation in the topics addressed in WATERCARE, with the aim at ensuring a wide dissemination in scientific audiences and beyond. More specifically, it includes at least one printed publication on relevant EU paper magazines, publication of at least one short portrait of the project adapted to different target groups. 100 copies of project leaflets will be printed by each PP in English and in original PP language in order to inform about project activities and planned results and to foster active involvement of the interested parties within the partnership area. Each PP hosting an event will have to produce 1 project roll-up.

A newsletter will be created and distributed 4 times during the project life. All the promotional material will follow WP2 leader directives.

D 2.2.1 – WATERCARE Campaign on media. Initiatives will be promoted by PPs through media, mainly TV, press agencies and specialised web portals. (T.V.: 10; DATE: 30.06.2021).

D 2.2.2 – Publication in selected journals and conferences. Dissemination of project outputs and results at international level through participation and publication in well-respected journals and conferences (at national, ITHR and EU level). (T.V.: 10; DATE: 30.06.2021).

D 2.2.3 – Project leaflets. Each PP will be in charge of printing 100 copies of WATERCARE leaflets in English and in original PP language. Translation in Italian (LP), and Croatian (WP2 leader) will be provided. (T.V.: 2000; DATE: 31.01.2019 and 31.05.2021).

D 2.2.4 – Project roll-up. Each PP hosting a WATERCARE event will purchase a roll-up that will be design by WP2 leader at the beginning of the project. (T.V.: 6; DATE: 31.01.2019).

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

D 2.2.5 – WATERCARE Newsletter. A newsletter will be distributed 4 times. Newsletter will be sent out electronically to key stakeholders and will contain WATERCARE achievements. The main language will be English, but translation in Italian (LP) and Croatian (WP2 leader) will be provided to reach target groups at all levels. (T.V.: 12; DATE: 30.06.2021).

D 2.2.6 – Project gadgets. Gadgets will be distributed from WATERCARE PPs to target groups for publicity purposes.

2. ANNEXES

CROATIAN WATERS

Hrvatske vode:

Link: <https://www.voda.hr/hr/HV-2019-108>

Hrcak

Link: https://hrcak.srce.hr/index.php?show=toc&id_broj=17840

VODNOGOSPODARSKA RJEŠENJA ZA SMANJENJE MIKROBIOLOŠKOG UTJECAJA NA OKOLIŠ U PRIOBALNIM PODRUČJIMA (WATERCARE)


Marija Sikoranj, dipl. ing. biol.

OPIS PROJEKTA

Dječijevost prirodnih izvora pitke vode podložna su klimatske promjene, osobito na talijanskom teritoriju, ali i u Hrvatskoj, što je visoka, intenzivni kloni događaji izmakaju poplave vodotoka i mekihim posljedica na okoliš, koje značajno utječu na kvalitetu prirodne vode i mogućnost rekreativnog korištenja te vode za kupaonje.

U tog je slučaju, u sklopu EU Interreg programa Italija-Hrvatska (2014-2020), u siječnju 2019. godine započeo projekt „Vodnogospodarska rješenja za smanjenje mikrobiološkog učinka na okoliš u priobalnim područjima - WATERCARE“ (eng. „Water management solutions for reducing microbial environmental impact in coastal areas“), a predviđeno mu je trajanje do 31. lipnja 2021. godine. Ukupno budžet projekta iznosi 2.833.074,40 eura.

U projektu sudjeluju različite organizacije (tablica 1). Vodni partner je provedbena jedinica Regionalnog vijeća za kupaonje pod nazivom IRECOVIT za lokalne resurse / vanjske mikrobiologije (WAC-IRECOVIT) a sudjeluje i Centar za znanstveno-metodološko istraživanje METRAS iz Pule te Hrvatske vode kao pravna osoba za upravljanje vodom. Od obrazovnih ustanova odabrani su: Dječji ozbiljivostu biologiju (DOSE), Senačništvo u Urbino Carlo Bo te: Odbor za studije mora Sveučilišta u Splitu. Suvodnja navedenih partnera osigurat će znanstvena i stručna podršku jedinici regionalne samouprave koje sudjeluju u projektu. To su provedbena jedinica: Odbor za znanstveno vodu, Odbor za vodu regije Marche, Komiteti za vodu i usluge javnih voda - Odbor infocentralne, poljevoje, mobilnosti, vode / lokalne regije Abruzzo te Dubrovačko-neretvanska i Špiljko-obalno-morska županija. Završat, jedinice regionalne samouprave osigurat će financiranje i provedbu relevantne politike. Veliki doprinos projekta pružit će i tvrtka ASST Spa, s.d. (Dječja Pano - regija



Marche) svojim praktičnim iskustvom u upravljanju vodom i uslugama obrade otpadnih voda.

Ovaj projekt WATERCARE je okupio talijanske i hrvatske organizacije tako bi se problem mogućeg onečišćenja morske vode smanjio lokaliziranim djelovanjem širokog spektra partnera i aktivnosti.

Glavni korisnici projekta bit će: lokalne javne vlasti, jedinice područne samouprave u priobalnom području te mali obrtnici (barmanski društva, turističke agencije, građani, kupci i turisti). Razvijanjem inovativnog sustava kontrole i uklanjanja korisnici će imati podršku u upravljanju priobalnim i priobalnim vodama u obalnim područjima kako bi se izbjeglo i smanjilo riziko bakteriološkog onečišćenja plaža koje može nastati nakon intenzivnih padalina.

CILJEVI PROJEKTA

Ovaj cilj projekta je smanjenje mikrobiološkog onečišćenja na nekoliko odabiranih pilot područja, i to lokalizirano na sljedećim rijekama: Arno, Pescara, Risa, Cetina i Neretva. Spomenuta onečišćenja mogu nastati djelovanjem ekstremnih padalina na prelijevanje obalnih voda u susav javne odvodnje. Daljnje poboljšanje kvalitete lokalnih voda, ovaj projekt ima za cilj i podizati procese odlučivanja u upravljanju vodama za kupaonje.

Hrvatske vode | 27 (2019) | 188

155

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

ISTRIA UNIVERSITY

KKEMIJA U INDUSTRIJI

Link: <http://silverstripe.fkit.hr/kui/assets/Uploads/Osvrti-580-582.pdf>

OSVRTI, Kem. Ind. 69 (5-10) (2020) 558-563
561

V. Špada*

Ustanova: Centar za istraživanje materijala Istarske županije METRS
Zagrebačka 30, 52 100 Pula

EU fondovi u Hrvatskoj
O projektu WATERCARE (INTERREG HR-IT)

EU projekt: Water Management Solutions for Reducing Microbial Environment Impact on Coastal Areas – WATERCARE

Naziv programa:
Interreg V-A Italija – Hrvatska 2014. – 2020.; Mjora 3.3.
Prelegatelj projekta: CNR- ISMAR (IT)
Trajanje projekta: 1. 1. 2019. – 30. 6. 2021.
Ukupni proračun projekta: 2.833,019,40 EUR




Kakovća mora za kupanje je važan interes javnog zdravlja, posebice u turističkim obalnim područjima koja su pod značajnim utjecajem ljudskih aktivnosti kao što su urbanizacija, industrijski razvoj, poljoprivreda, ribarstvo, ispuštanje komunalnih otpadnih voda i razne rekreacijske aktivnosti. Najznačajniji indikatori onečišćenja mora fekalnim otpadnim vodama su mikrobiološki pokazatelji, a prisustvo fekalnih bakterija upućuje na potencijalni rizik od zaraznih bolesti. Mikrobiološko zagađenje na određenoj točki ispuštanja može znatno varirati u vremenu, što ovisi o načinu ispuštanja otpadnih voda te o meteorološkim i hidrografskim uvjetima.

Kriteriji za ocjenjivanje kvalitete mora na plažama, kao i metode ispitivanja propisani su Uredbom o kvaliteti mora za kupanje (N173/08), koja je uskladen s Direktivom Europskog parlamenta i vijeća 2006/7/EZ iz veljače 2006. godine o upravljanju kvalitetom voda za kupanje. Smjernicama za kvalitetu mora za kupanje u Sredozemlju Mediteranskog akcijskog plana Ujedinjenih naroda za okoliš (UNEP/MAP) i kriterijima Svjetske zdrav-



kupanje. U skladu s preporukama Direktive o kvaliteti voda za kupanje (2006/7/EC) države članice EU-a trebale bi stalno poboljšavati sustave monitoringa i upravljanja morom za kupanje radi bolje zaštite javnog zdravlja od lokalnog onečišćenja" navodi Marija Šikoronja iz Hrvatskih voda, koje su partner na projektu.

Ranjivost jadranskog područja prema klimatskim promjenama, osobito talijanskog teritorija i prirodnih resursa, čini se da je najviše u Europi, prema najnovijim scenarijima Ujedinjenih naroda (IPCC, 2014). U posljednjim desetljećima provedeno je nekoliko klimatoloških studija kako bi se opisala moguća promjena klimatskih ekstrema koji imaju najjači utjecaj na okoliš te posljedično i način života. Na temelju analiza podataka u posljednjih 120 godina, utvrđeno je da intenzitet padalina predstavlja značajan pozitivan trend utjecaja, osobito na području sjevernog Jadrana. Kišne anomalije uzrokovale su značajne poplave rijeka, osobito s talijanske strane, s relevantnim posljedicama na okoliš. Jedna od glavnih posljedica je pogorranje kvalitete obalnih

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

UNIVERSITY OF SPLIT

SEAOLOGY CONFERENCE



ECOMAP - Ecosustainable management of marine and tourist ports

WATERCARE - Water management solutions for reducing microbial environment impact in coastal areas

University of Split
Maja Krželj

The quality of the bathing waters in the EU, and their classification, is determined within the monitoring required by Bathing Water Directive. In Italy and Croatia the quality of the bathing waters is presented mostly with a class of excellent quality, although in some areas lower quality can be detected. The anomalous rainy episodes, as effect of climate change, induce flood and relevant consequences on river and sewage systems, with an impact at medium/long periods on bathing waters, especially in the areas where the sewerage networks can directly discharge into the sea. During these events, the microbial contamination significantly affects the quality of bathing waters with a negative impact on tourism and related activities.

WATERCARE project aims to improve the quality of the bathing and coastal waters, reducing the microbial contamination, by using innovative tools and new approaches and providing practical solutions to this environmental problem. Main beneficiaries of the project are the public authorities, coastal zone managers and stakeholders (tourists, citizens, tourist operators, etc.). They will be supported in order to improve the water management in urban areas, to avoid and reduce the level of bacterial contamination deriving by high rainfalls, but also to reduce the number of days when the activities in costal waters are limited or forbidden due to a high levels of bacterial contamination (including WFD and MSFD requirements). The impact of the WATERCARE project will be important for water management solutions developed in order to reduce a microbial contamination, using alert and control actions based on innovative system and offering a guidelines to support the governance. The cross-border network is an excellent opportunity to exchange experiences in water management and prevention.

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

WATERCARE - Water management solutions for reducing microbial environment impact in coastal areas

WATERCARE | University of Split – University Department of Marine Studies | Maja Krželj
Sealogy on-line meeting | 20 November 2020

- quality of the bathing waters and their classification determined within the monitoring required by **Bathing Water Directive**
- the anomalous rainy episodes (climate change) induce flood and consequences on river discharge and sewage systems with an impact at medium/long periods on bathing and coastal waters
- the microbial contamination significantly affects the quality of bathing water with a negative impact on tourism and related activities in coastal areas
- WATERCARE aims to improve the quality of bathing and coastal waters reducing the microbial contamination by using innovative methodologies

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

SEALOGY® Digital Preview
19-20-21-22 Novembre-November 2020

ATELIER DI FORMAZIONE – TRAINING ATELIER

Gestione dell'acqua nelle aree portuali, nelle marine e gestione delle acque di balneazione
Water management in the Port areas, bathing waters and marinas

On line, 20 Novembre-November 2020, 16:00 – 18:00

Luogo-Where	Platform SEALOGY® - Il Salone Europeo sulla Blue Economy The European Exhibition on Blue Economy
Organizzatori-Organizer	SEALOGY® in collaborazione con la Partnership del progetto ECOMAP ¹ - INTERREG: Programma Italia/Croazia SEALOGY® in collaboration with the Partnership of the ECOMAP project - INTERREG: Italy / Croatia Program
Crediti-credits	SEALOGY® Partner della Commissione Europea nell'ambito della VET WEEK ² 2020 SEALOGY® Partner of the European Commission in the context of VET WEEK 2020
Abstract	L'evento è dedicato al tema gestione dell'acqua nelle aree portuali, di balneazione e nelle marine. The event is dedicated to the theme of water management in port areas, bathing areas and marinas.
Lingua-language	Italiano-Croato – traduzione in simultanea Italian Croatian simultaneous interpretation
Chairman:	Anna MONTINI – Assessore alla Blue Economy, Comune di Rimini Councilor for the Blue Economy, Municipality of Rimini

¹ <https://www.italy-croatia.eu/web/ecomap>

² https://ec.europa.eu/social/yvocational-skills-week/european-vocational-skills-week-2017_en

Contesto: Poiché le soluzioni Smart port richiedono un approccio unilaterale e congiunto, il progetto ECOMAP sta organizzando un workshop di 2 giorni sullo scambio di competenze sui settori della Crescita Blu all'interno dell'evento SEALOGY® (19-20 novembre 2020, Ferrara, Italia).

È un trend di innovazione tecnologica che ha il potenziale per ridefinire le dinamiche relazionali, gestionali e commerciali transfrontaliere e accelerare il movimento continuo di prodotti e servizi e potenzialmente creare un ambiente collaborativo globale. L'evento riunirà le parti interessate italiane e croate che operano in diversi settori dell'economia blu, con l'obiettivo di stabilire contatti, condividere soluzioni di *best practices* e creare un cluster di innovazione che sosterrà lo sviluppo di idee e opportunità di business.

Questo scambio di buone pratiche:

- aiuterà a delineare i temi da inserire nel costituendo Memorandum del Cluster delle Città Portuali;
- aiuterà a identificare potenziali stakeholder dell'area ammissibile Interreg Italia-Croazia che verranno intervistati e a cui verrà chiesto di aderire / cooperare con il costituendo Cluster di Città Portuali.

I cluster sono sistemi complessi e devono garantire:

- la coerenza di obiettivi strategici;
- la forza di azioni coordinate.

Context: Since the Smart port solutions demand unilateral and joint approach, the project ECOMAP is organizing a 2 days workshops on exchange of expertises regarding Blue Growth sectors within SEALOGY® event (19th-20th November 2020, Ferrara, Italy).

It is a trend of technological innovation that has the potential to redefine the cross-border relationship, management and commercial dynamics and accelerate the continuous movement of products and services and potentially create a global collaborative environment. The event will bring together Italian and Croatian stakeholders working in different sectors of the blue economy, with aim to establish contacts, share best practices solutions and set up the innovation cluster that would support the development of business ideas and opportunities.

This exchange of good practices:

- will help outlining the topics to be inserted in the Memorandum of the Cluster of Port Cities to be developed;
- will help identify potential stakeholders of the Interreg Italy-Croatia's eligible area to be interviewed and asked to join to /cooperate with the Cluster of Port Cities to be developed;

Clusters are complex systems and they have to ensure:

- the coherence of strategic objectives;
- the strength of coordinated actions.

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

Venerdì-Friday 20 Novembre-November 2020 – h 16.00 – 18.00

15:45 – 16:00 Welcome e registrazione partecipanti
Welcome and registration of the participants

16:00 – 17:10 Inizio dei lavori "Buone prassi nella gestione delle acque di balneazione"
Opening of the webinar "Good practice in the management of bathing water"

Introduzione a cura del chairman- Introduction by the chairman

16:10 – 17:50

Speakers

*Roberto FABBRI, Manager HERA SPA
Manager HERA SPA
"Il piano di Salvaguardia della balneazione di Rimini"
"The Rimini's Bathing Safeguard Plan"*

Sessione 2 "Politiche di gestione delle acque"
Session 2 - "Water Management Policies"

*FABIO VALLAROLA, Comune di Ancona/Municipality of Ancona
"Azioni di ECOMAP per la tutela del mare protetto del Conero"
"ECOMAP actions for the protection of the protected sea of the Conero"*

*P. LUONGO, F. OCCHIOBOVE, G. MEROLA, LOREDANA PASCARELLA,
ARPAC Campania, Dipartimento Caserta
ARPAC Campania, Caserta Department
"L'analisi statistica dei dati a supporto della gestione ambientale delle acque
di balneazione: il caso della foce dei Regi Lagni nel comune di Castel
Volturno (Caserta)"
"The statistical analysis of data to support the environmental management of
bathing water: the case of the mouth of the Regi Lagni in the municipality of
Castel Volturno (Caserta)"*

*MAJA KRŽELJ, Università di Spalato/University of Split
"Soluzioni per la gestione dell'acqua per ridurre l'impatto microbico
sull'ambiente nella zona costiera"
"Water management solutions for reducing microbial environment impact in
coastal areas"*



D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

CNR IRBIM

Water Journal - Journal of Environmental Management


Link: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2021.113099>




 View PDF
 Access through your institution
Purchase PDF

Outline

- Highlights
- Abstract
- Graphical abstract
- Keywords
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Material and methodological approach to the construct...
- 3. Results
- 4. Discussion and conclusions
- Credit roles
- Declaration of competing interest
- Acknowledgments
- References


Show full outline 



Journal of Environmental Management
Volume 295, 1 October 2021, 113099


Water quality integrated system: A strategic approach to improve bathing water management

Pierluigi Penna ^{a,*,}, Elisa Baldinghi ^{b,}, Mattia Belli ^{a,}, Luigi Bolognini ^{b,}, Alessandra Campanelli ^{a,}, Samuela Capellacci ^{a,}, Silvia Casabianca ^{a,}, Christian Ferrarin ^{d,}, Giordano Giuliani ^{e,}, Federica Grilli ^{e,}, Michele Intoccia ^{f,}, Elena Marini ^{e,}, Fabrizio Moro ^{e,}, Antonella Penna ^{a,}, Fabio Ricci ^{e,}, Mauro Marini ^{a,}

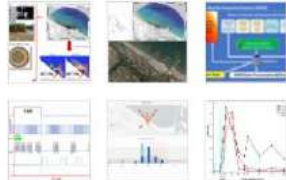
Show more 


[+](#) Add to Mendeley [🔗](#) Share [📄](#) Cite

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2021.113099> [Get rights and content](#)



Figures (11)



Show all figures 

Tables (1)

Highlights

- WQIS provides a proactive approach to bathing water quality management.
- WQIS tools includes real-time monitoring and modelling of microbial contamination.
- A real-time alert tool predicts potential risks of microbial contamination.

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

DUBROVNIK NERETVA REGION

KOMUNAL Časopis za komunalno gospodarstvo

Link: <https://www.komunal.hr/vijesti/12106/>

PODRUČJU UŠĆA RIJEKE NERETVE TIJEKOM SEZONE KUPANJA 2021. GODINE

* Objavio: **KOMUNAL UREDNIK** | 31/12/2021

[OpenEmail Print](#)

Projekt WATERCARE (Water management solutions for reducing microbial environmental impact in coastal areas) proveden je se u sklopu programa prekogranične suradnje INTERREG V-A Italija-Hrvatska. Cilj projekta je poboljšanje kakvoće mora za kupanje korištenjem inovativnih alata u gospodarenju fekalnih otpadnih voda te razvoj sustava predviđanja i alarmiranja u slučaju onečišćenja mora za kupanje koji bi pomogao u odlučivanju o njegovom korištenju.

Projekt je imao za cilj smanjenje fekalnog onečišćenja na kupalištima pilot područja (ušća rijeka), a koja nastaju kao posljedica prelijevanja voda iz sustava javne odvodnje u rijeke odnosno more zbog velikog dotoka voda tijekom ekstremnih oborina. Osim poboljšanja kakvoće voda, cilj projekta je i podržavanje donošenja odluka u upravljanju morem za kupanje.

Kao ciljna područja projekta odabrana su ušća rijeka Raše, Cetine i Neretve u Hrvatskoj te ušća rijeke Pescara i potoka Arzillau Italiji. Razvijen je integrirani sustav praćenja kakvoće vode (WQIS) koji se sastoji od mreže hidrometeorološkog praćenja u stvarnom vremenu i prognostičkog operativnog modela (FOM). U ciljanim područjima provele su se studije izvodljivosti s ciljem poboljšanja planiranja i upravljanja ekološkim problemima morskog okoliša, razvijen je sustav alarmiranja u stvarnom vremenu koji preventivno utvrđuje potencijalni rizik fekalnog onečišćenja voda za kupanje.

Kao partner na projektu WATERCARE Dubrovačko-neretvanska

D.2.2.2 – Publication in selected journals and conferences

in Regional Development Fund

5

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences



D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

SPLIT DALMATIA COUNTY

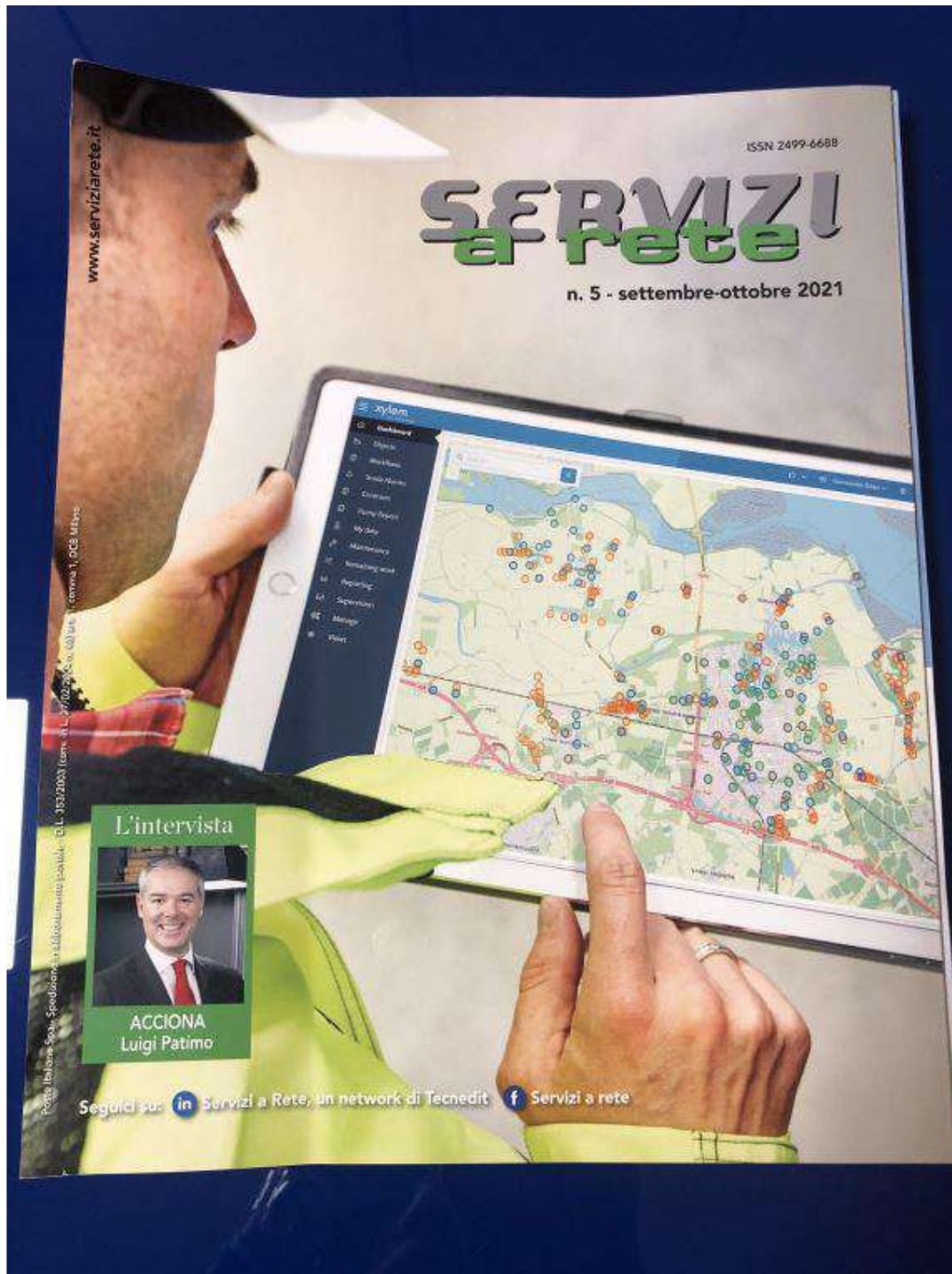
HRVATSKA VODOPRIVREDA

Link: chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/viewer.html?pdfurl=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.voda.hr%2Fsites%2Fdefault%2Ffiles%2Fcasopis%2Fhr_vodoprivreda-237-kb_e-book.pdf&clen=18174081&chunk=true



D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

ASET



D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences



D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences




D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

SAVVIGLIARDIA DELL'ACQUE

C'è una domanda che si ripete spesso: quanto è sicuro il sistema di salvaguardia delle acque? La risposta è: molto sicura. Il sistema di salvaguardia delle acque è stato progettato e realizzato con la massima attenzione e cura, utilizzando i materiali e le tecnologie più avanzate e innovative. Il sistema è stato progettato e realizzato con la massima attenzione e cura, utilizzando i materiali e le tecnologie più avanzate e innovative.

Il sistema di salvaguardia delle acque è stato progettato e realizzato con la massima attenzione e cura, utilizzando i materiali e le tecnologie più avanzate e innovative. Il sistema è stato progettato e realizzato con la massima attenzione e cura, utilizzando i materiali e le tecnologie più avanzate e innovative.

Il sistema di salvaguardia delle acque è stato progettato e realizzato con la massima attenzione e cura, utilizzando i materiali e le tecnologie più avanzate e innovative. Il sistema è stato progettato e realizzato con la massima attenzione e cura, utilizzando i materiali e le tecnologie più avanzate e innovative.



SUPERSHIELD GREEN TECHNOLOGY

Sistemi ecologici
per la perfetta
impermeabilizzazione
permanente nel tempo.

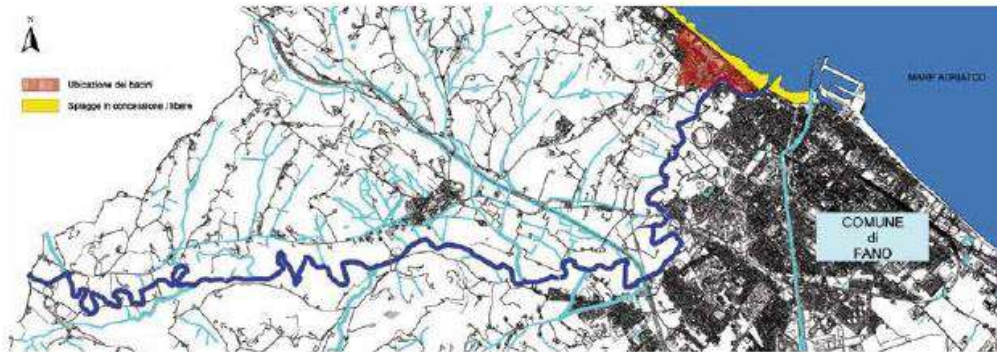
Prodotti cristallini
certificati
per il contatto con
l'acqua potabile, anche
dal lato della
voce.

www.supershield.it

*** Il progetto è stato realizzato con il contributo del Ministero delle Infrastrutture e dei Trasporti, Direzione Regionale del Veneto, Direzione Regionale del Friuli Venezia Giulia, Direzione Regionale del Trentino-Alto Adige, Direzione Regionale del Piemonte, Direzione Regionale del Lazio, Direzione Regionale del Campania, Direzione Regionale del Puglia, Direzione Regionale del Basilicata, Direzione Regionale del Molise, Direzione Regionale del Umbria, Direzione Regionale del Marche, Direzione Regionale del Abruzzo, Direzione Regionale del Umbria, Direzione Regionale del Marche, Direzione Regionale del Abruzzo.**

Data	altezza di pioggia (mm)	intensità max (mm/h)	durata evento (min)	volumi acqua (m³)
18/02/2021	17	(2 min) 176	40min	536
16/07/2021	13	16	300min	513
23/08/2021	30	(2 min) 240	40min	740
15/08/2021	18	48	200min	438
28/08/2021	15	20	120min	607
20/09/2021	13	65	70min	580
26/09/2021	30	(5 min) 340	15min	807

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences



La nuova vasca alla foce del torrente Arzilla

Un altro passo verso la salvaguardia dell'ambiente per ASET S.p.A.

Marco Romei

Direttore Tecnico Aset S.p.A. e R.U.P. del progetto

Matteo Lucertini

Dirigente area Reti ed Impianti Aset S.p.A.
e Direttore Lavori del progetto

Enrico Esposto Renzoni

Tecnico servizio fognature Aset S.p.A.
ed assistente al DL del progetto

Il problema della mitigazione o dell'eliminazione degli effetti generati dallo sversamento in acque superficiali delle portate di supero delle reti fognarie in occasione di piogge copiose è una questione molto diffusa negli abitati con reti fognarie di tipo misto.

La presente realizzazione eseguita a cura di ASET S.p.A. – gestore del Servizio Idrico Integrato nei comuni di Fano, Mondolfo e Monte Porzio (PU) – consiste nella realizzazione di una vasca di grande capacità dotata di un sistema di pompaggio atto al rilancio del refluo in una rete fognaria esistente, evitando lo sversamento nell'ambiente delle portate derivate dai manufatti scolmatori della rete.

L'area oggetto di studio è la porzione di area urbana del Comune di Fano collocata presso la foce del torrente "Arzilla", sulla sinistra idraulica del corso d'acqua. Il bacino interessato, avente estensione di poco più di 7 ettari, è fortemente urbanizzato e caratterizzato da un'importante densità abitativa con una sensibile incidenza della popolazione fluttuante.

Più in dettaglio, l'intervento in progetto è localizzato a valle di due distinti bacini afferenti denominati "via del Moletto" e "via 1° Maggio". Ogni bacino è interessato da un proprio sistema fognario indipendente e l'uno dall'altro risultano idraulicamente disconnessi.

Lo stato dei luoghi prima della realizzazione del progetto, consisteva nella presenza di una condotta fognaria di tipo misto recapitante le acque reflue all'interno di un manufatto di scolmo (CSO) a luce di fondo il quale, in caso di eventi piovosi intensi, faceva sì che la maggior portata in arrivo se ne andasse direttamente al torrente Arzilla generando fenomeni di inquinamento localizzato in prossimità della foce e successiva dispersione in acque di balneazione.

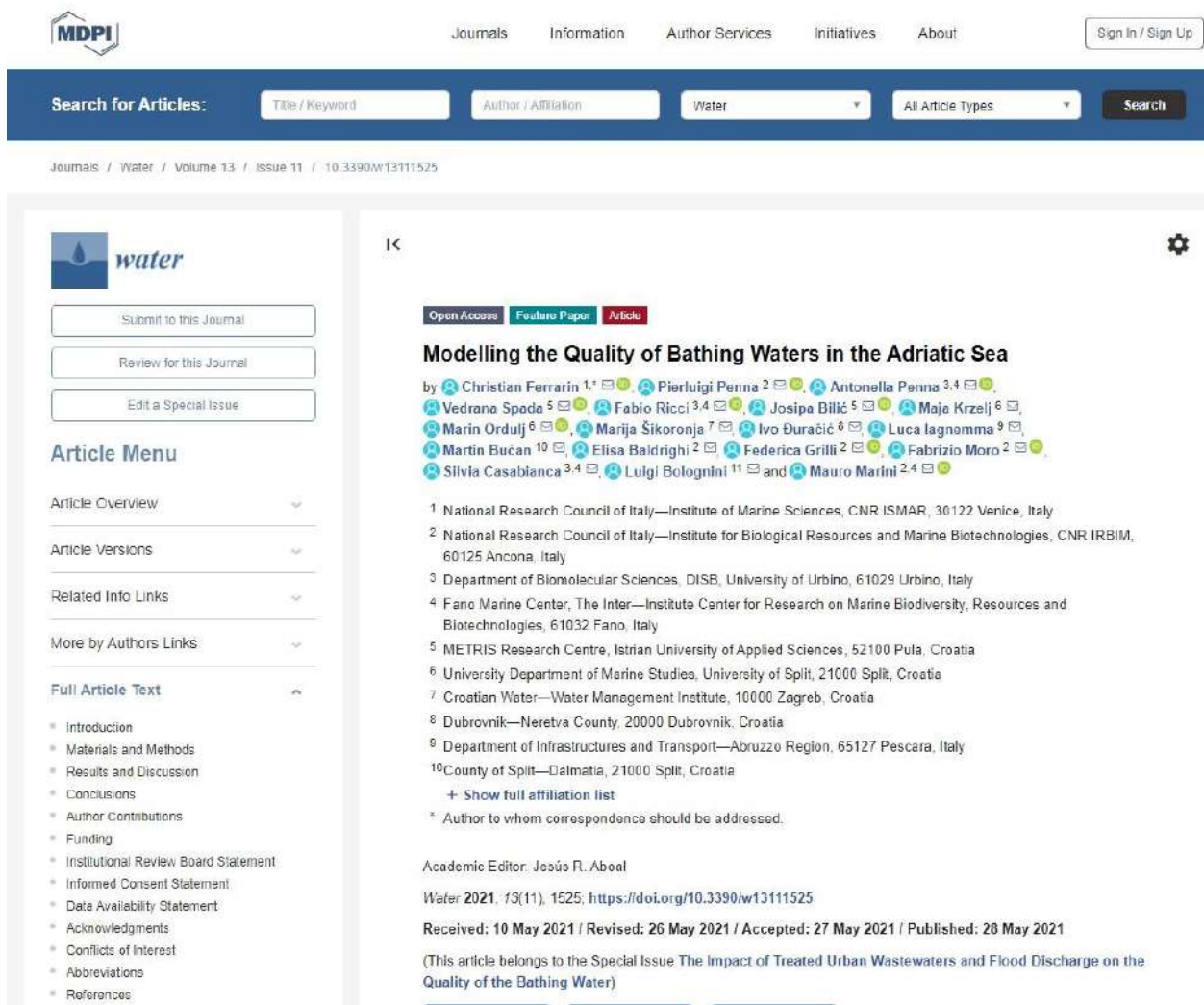
Il nuovo progetto prevede di realizzare un nuovo manufatto di scolmo (CSO) a derivazione laterale nel bacino di "via del Moletto", capace di convogliare attraverso un nuovo

Nella foto in alto, mappa geografica del sito e delimitazione del bacino idrografico

CNR IRBIM

Water Journal - Journal of Environmental Management

Link: <http://www.mdpi.com/2073-4441/13/11/1525>



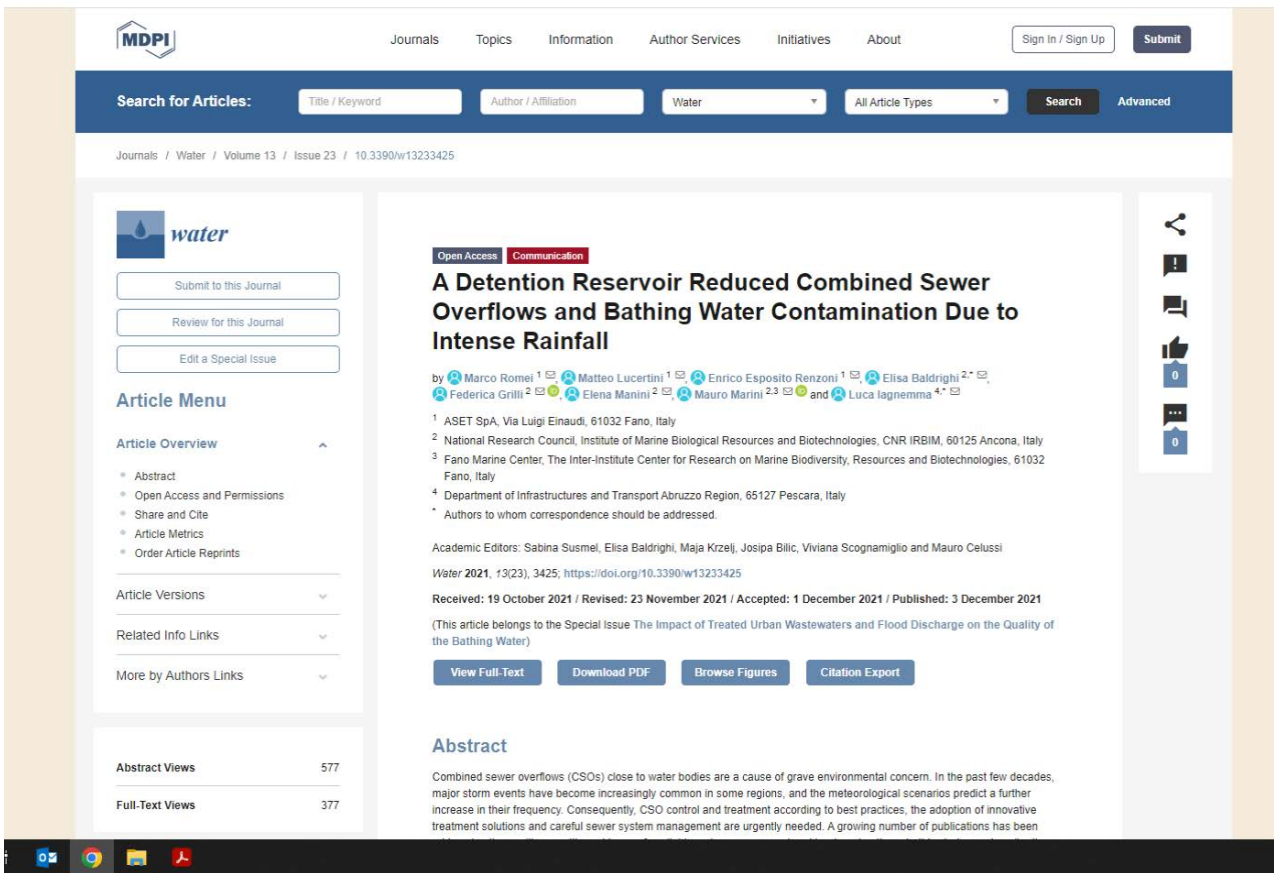
The screenshot shows the MDPI website interface. At the top, there are navigation links for Journals, Information, Author Services, Initiatives, and About, along with a Sign In / Sign Up button. A search bar is present with filters for Title / Keyword, Author / Affiliation, Water, and All Article Types. The main content area displays the article 'Modelling the Quality of Bathing Waters in the Adriatic Sea' by Christian Ferrarin et al. The article is categorized as an Open Access Article. The authors listed are Christian Ferrarin, Pierluigi Penna, Antonella Penna, Vedrana Spoda, Fabio Ricci, Josipa Bilić, Maja Krzelj, Marin Ordulj, Marija Šikoronja, Ivo Đuračić, Luca Iagnemma, Martin Bučan, Elisa Baldrighi, Federica Grilli, Fabrizio Moro, Silvia Casabianca, Luigi Bolognini, and Mauro Marini. The article is published in Water, 2021, 13(11), 1525. The article is part of a Special Issue: 'The Impact of Treated Urban Wastewaters and Flood Discharge on the Quality of the Bathing Water'.

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

ABRUZZO REGION

Water Journal - Journal of Environmental Management

Link: <https://doi.org/10.3390/w13233425>



The screenshot shows the MDPI journal website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Journals, Topics, Information, Author Services, Initiatives, and About, along with a Sign In / Sign Up button and a Submit button. Below this is a search bar with fields for Title / Keyword, Author / Affiliation, a dropdown menu set to 'Water', and an 'All Article Types' dropdown. A 'Search' button and an 'Advanced' link are also present.

The main content area displays the article title: "A Detention Reservoir Reduced Combined Sewer Overflows and Bathing Water Contamination Due to Intense Rainfall". The authors listed are Marco Romej, Matteo Lucertini, Enrico Esposito Renzoni, Elisa Baldrighi, Federica Grilli, Elena Manini, Mauro Marini, and Luca Iagnemma. The article is categorized as 'Open Access' and 'Communication'. The journal information is 'Water 2021, 13(23), 3425; https://doi.org/10.3390/w13233425'. The article was received on 19 October 2021, revised on 23 November 2021, accepted on 1 December 2021, and published on 3 December 2021. It belongs to a special issue titled 'The Impact of Treated Urban Wastewaters and Flood Discharge on the Quality of the Bathing Water'. The abstract states: "Combined sewer overflows (CSOs) close to water bodies are a cause of grave environmental concern. In the past few decades, major storm events have become increasingly common in some regions, and the meteorological scenarios predict a further increase in their frequency. Consequently, CSO control and treatment according to best practices, the adoption of innovative treatment solutions and careful sewer system management are urgently needed. A growing number of publications has been".

On the left side of the article page, there is an 'Article Menu' with options for 'Article Overview', 'Abstract', 'Open Access and Permissions', 'Share and Cite', 'Article Metrics', and 'Order Article Reprints'. Below this, there are statistics for 'Abstract Views' (577) and 'Full-Text Views' (377). On the right side, there are social media sharing icons for Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, and others.



D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

UNIURB


Water Journal - Journal of Environmental Management


Link: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2021.113099>



 View PDF
 Access through your institution
Purchase PDF


Outline

- Highlights
- Abstract
- Graphical abstract
- Keywords
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Material and methodological approach to the construct...
- 3. Results
- 4. Discussion and conclusions
- Credit roles
- Declaration of competing interest
- Acknowledgments
- References
- Show full outline 




Journal of Environmental Management




Volume 295, 1 October 2021, 113099



Water quality integrated system: A strategic approach to improve bathing water management

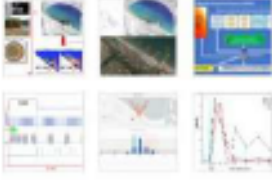
Pierluigi Ferraro ^{1, A.B.}, Gian Battista ¹, Mattia Betti ^{1,2}, Luigi Balgobin ¹, Alessandra Campanelli ¹, Simona Capolacchi ^{1,2}, Silvia Casabianca ^{1,2}, Christian Ferrarin ¹, Giordano Galliani ¹, Federica Grilli ¹, Michela Inzocci ¹, Elena Marini ¹, Fabrice Moro ¹, Antonello Perrini ^{1,2}, Fabio Riva ^{1,2}, Massimo Strini ^{1,2}


Show more 

 Add to Mendeley
  Share
  Cite

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2021.113099>
[Get rights and content](#)

Figures (11)



Show all figures 

Highlights

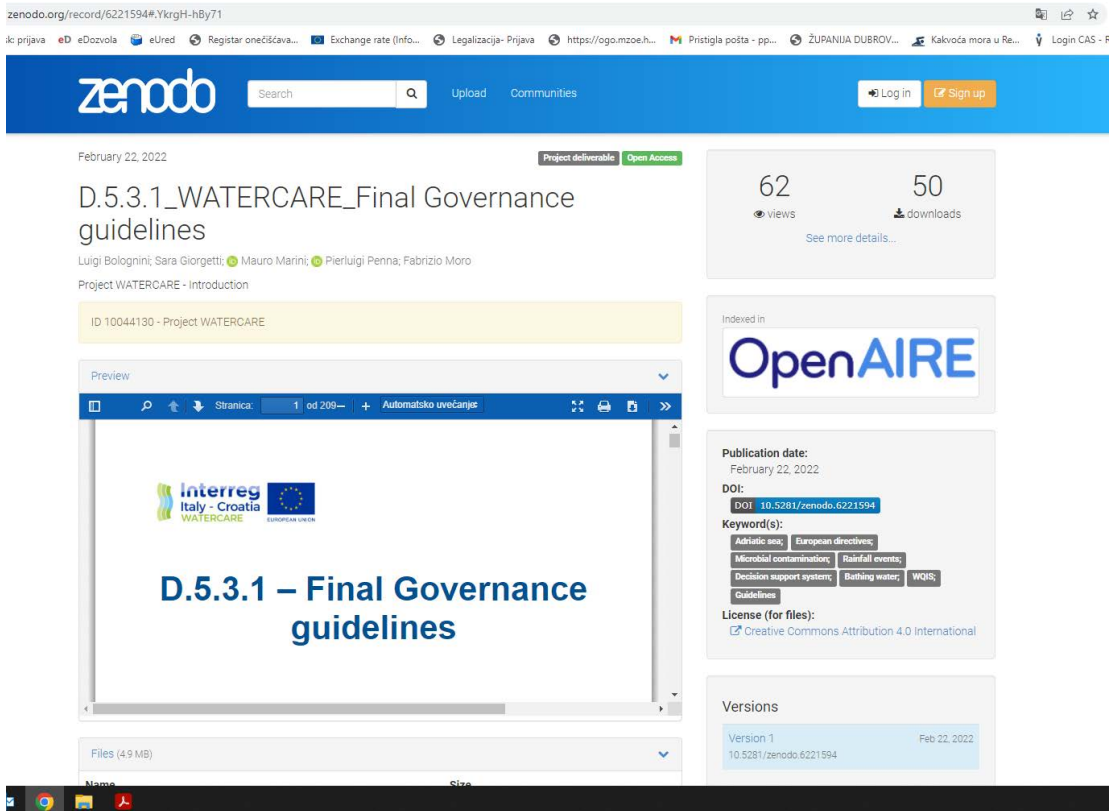
- WQIS provides a proactive approach to bathing water quality management.
- WQIS tools includes real-time monitoring and modelling of microbial contamination.
- A real-time alert tool predicts potential risks of microbial contamination.

Tables (1)

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences

MARCHE REGION

<https://zenodo.org/record/6221594#.Yh3VzujMKUk>



The screenshot shows a Zenodo record page for the document 'D.5.3.1_WATERCARE_Final Governance guidelines'. The page includes the following information:

- Publication Date:** February 22, 2022
- Project:** Project WATERCARE - Introduction
- Authors:** Luigi Bolognini; Sara Giorgetti; Mauro Marini; Pierluigi Penna; Fabrizio Moro
- Views:** 62
- Downloads:** 50
- Indexed in:** OpenAIRE
- Publication date:** February 22, 2022
- DOI:** 10.5281/zenodo.6221594
- Keyword(s):** Adaptive user; European directives; Microbial contamination; Rainfall events; Decision support system; Bathing water; WQIS; Guidelines
- License (for files):** Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International
- Versions:** Version 1 (Feb 22, 2022)

The document preview shows a slide with the Interreg Italy - Croatia WATERCARE logo and the title 'D.5.3.1 – Final Governance guidelines'.

D.2.2.2. - Publication in selected journals and conferences